FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 103. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 22, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,938

Port Almanac—July 22.

Sun Rises	4.59 A M
Sun Sets	7.12 P M
Day's Length	14 h 13 m
High Water at Southport	5 26 A M
High Water at Wilmington	8.09 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 22.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 80°, 8 p. m., 79°; maximum, 78°; minimum, 75°; mean, 82°; Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 5.37.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light showers at Charlotte and Greensboro was the report on rainfall in the Wilmington district, for the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday. In all other districts of the cotton belt there were moderate rains. The average maximum temperature in the Wilmington district was 88 degrees.

The stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 a. m. Monday, was 8 7 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair preceded by showers in the extreme west portion; southerly winds. Showers may be expected in the Middle Atlantic States. The area of high pressure has remained nearly stationary off the South Atlantic coast.

OUTLINES.

Ten persons were drowned as the result of a cloud-burst near Frankfort, Ky.; the Louisville and Nashville Railroad bridge was swept away and great damage was done to property in the country. —— The Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company, of Baltimore, met the cut in rates by the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, the Southern States Freight and Traffic Association will meet in Atlanta to-day to consider the rate war and devise a plan for concerted action. —— Preparations are being made in Washington City for a ratification of the nomination of Mr. Bryan and efforts will be made to induce him to be present. —— No information could be obtained at the Treasury Department of the intention of the New York banks to come to the relief of the Treasury. —— The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $89,603,805. —— New York banks have pledged $18,000,000 to maintain the Treasury gold reserve and it is hoped to increase the amount to $20,000,000. —— A special committee was appointed by the National Committee of the National Silver Committee to draft an address to the public calling upon all friends of silver to support Bryan and Sewall. —— The Atlanta *Journal*, Hoke Smith's paper, announces that it has decided to give an earnest support to the Democratic nominees. —— Senator Marion Butler has been selected for temporary chairman of the Populist Convention which meets in St. Louis to-day. —— New York markets: Money on call was firmer at 2 and 3 per cent.; closing offered at 2 per cent.; cotton steady; middling gulf 7⅜c; middling uplands 7⅛c; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 00@3 60; good to choice $2 60@3 90; wheat—spot quiet and firmer; corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 32⅞c at elevator and 33⅞c afloat; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 24¼@25c; rosin steady and quiet; strained common to good 1 60@1 62½c.

Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, says he will vote for McKinley, adding, "I am for free silver, but I am not a fool." No. Senator Cameron may be a knave, but nobody ever suspected him of being a fool. He has held his grip too well for that.

Ex-Senator Sabin, of Minnesota, says he does not believe "the people of this country will vote to Mexicanize it." No, of course not. They are going to vote to Americanize it, to free it from British dominion in the matter of finances and make it financially independent as their fathers made it politically independent.

On the person of a brigand recently killed in Turkey were found $20,000 and a note book in which record was made of 192 murders committed by him, and there is no proof that he was a great a liar as Holmes, who confessed to killing half a dozen people who are still living.

Ex-Gov. Flower, of New York, says he has buried his national politics in his back yard. Without any disposition to be unkind to Mr. Flower, our candid impression is that considering his present course, he might as well, politically speaking, retire to his back yard and bury himself.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Henry Watterson cables from his retreat at Geneva that if free silver triumphs in November there will be danger of civil war, and yet this alarmed citizen of Kentucky goes on coolly writing the lite of Abraham Lincoln, instead of corking his ink bottle and hastening back to help save the country. In view of the imminent peril that hangs over the country his book men would doubtless extend the time of the contract til the country was saved.

Mr. T. Ellery Anderson, of New York, rises to explain that he didn't want the free silver men to carry red flags so they could be "shot down," but only "shouted down," so that Mr. T. Ellery believes more in shouting than in shooting and isn't so dangerous after all. That's about what we thought, but it will take a power of shouting supplemented by a power of voting to get free silver down.

The fishing mania is catching. Mr. Cleveland is fishing, Secretary Carlisle is fishing, and when Senator Quay becomes exhausted and wants to recuperate he goes fishing for tarpon. Kaiser William has also caught the fishing fever, but being a royal, high muck-a-muck, he scorns tarpon and smaller game and has gone fishing for whales.

The New York *Sun*, which now shines for Hanna and McKinley, rises to remark that "Bryan is the candidate of a class." This reads well for a paper which is prostituting its columns to the service of the manufacturers represented by Hanna, and the money manipulators, bond dealers and stock jobbers of Wall street.

Life insurance statistics show that within the past twenty-five years the average life of women has increased from 42 to 46 years, and yet it is very rare to find an unmarried woman who grows any older.

Agents of the Rothschilds are gobbling up gold and silver mines wherever they can find them lying round loose. They have just picked up a $5,000,000 bunch of gold mines in Mexico.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EPISCOPAL High School.
NOTRE DAME of Maryland.
EDGEWORTH Boarding and DaySchool
CRONLY & MORRIS—Real estate for sale.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. French McQueen is in the city.

— Miss Alma Newland, of Lenoir, is visiting friends in the city.

— Mr. J. D. Taylor, of Red Springs, is a visitor in the city.

— Miss Myrtle Burns, of Maxton, has returned after a visit to friends in this city.

— Mrs. Chs. Hill, of Winston, is in the city, the guest of Mr. William Bellamy.

— Mr. J. L. Tyndall, of Huntley, N. C., was a welcome visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Prof. M. H. Holt, of Oak Ridge Institute, is here on a pleasure and business trip combined.

— Miss Minnie Wescott returned yesterday from a pleasant visit to relatives at Kelly's Cove, Bladen county.

— Mr. Wm. J. Wallace, of Argyle, Ga., brother of Mr. R. W. Wallace, the clever manager of The Orton, is here on a visit.

— Messrs. Thad. Mallard and T. Q. Hall, of Wallace, and Mr. Lucius P. Best, of Warsaw, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Misses Annie and Ellen Motte, of Charleston, S. C., who have been here visiting Miss Nora Scott, returned yesterday, owing to a telegram announcing a death in their family.

— Mr. J. E. Royal, of Clinton, a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR for twenty-four years, says he likes it better now than ever. He began taking it when he was nineteen years old.

— Mr. Sydney Thomas, a popular travelling salesman of Richmond, Va., is in the city. "Syd" has hosts of friends here who are always glad to see his genial countenance.

— Messrs. Geo. E. Butler, Dr. F. H. Holmes, Clinton; F. W. Fancher, Mount Airy; W. H. Hennessee, J. E. Hennessee, Greensboro; J. W. Gardner, Red Springs; D. C. Currie, Lumber Bridge; G. J. Cherry, Parmele; M. H. Pinnix, Lexington; J. A. Smith, Fair Bluff; W. C. Hardison, Wadesboro; P. A. Hodges, Bennettsville; B. S. Powell, W. S. Partrick, Clinton, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Bryan-Watson club to-night at 8.30.

— All political eyes will be turned on St. Louis to-day.

— Rally Democrats. Begin the work of organization to-night. City Court room at 8.30.

— A Bryan-Watson club will be organized to-night. Be at the City Court room at 8.30.

— There was a large excursion from Clinton, Sampson county, yesterday, to Ocean View.

— A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held to-day at 12.30 p. m. in MacRae Hall.

— The Encampment is not a large one this year; but then, you know, the very finest goods are always put up in small packages.

— The Second Regiment band will give a concert on Ocean View Beach to-night. The last train will leave the beach at 11.30 p. m.

— To-night, to-night! Every Democrat in New Hanover county is invited to attend the meeting to be held at the City Court room at 8.30.

— A train of eight coaches filled with excursionists from points on the Carolina Central beyond Charlotte, arrived last night about 11 o'clock.

— There will be a canoe race at Wrightsville over the Carolina Yacht Club course Saturday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock, for two handsome silk flags, presented by Capt. A. D. Brown.

— William J. Bryan voted three times for Grover Cleveland for President. Will Grover return the compliment by voting for Williiam once?

— Cyclone Cyrus will make his first campaign speech at Kernersville, Forsyth county (his birthplace), August 1st. Hurrah for Watson and Mason.

— The pictures of Bryan and Sewall were a popular feature of the STAR yesterday and were greatly admired. They are equal to the very best that have appeared in the big Northern papers.

— If the New York bankers (the Wall Street speculators specially) permit the government gold reserve to reach a dangerously low point during the campaign, they are bigger fools than we suppose them to be.

— The Clarendon Yacht Club house will be at the disposal of the officers of the Second Regiment to-night (Wednesday) and they desire all their friends, whether members of the Clarendon Club or not, to give them the pleasure of their presence at the club house.

— Democrats who think of voting for McKinley because the regular Democratic candidates favor free silver should remember that desperate efforts have been made to get McKinley say he would, if elected President, veto a free coinage bill. But he will not say so.

— Mr. C. D. Jacobs, while on the way to Wrightsville yesterday met with quite a trying experience. He had nine children in his grocery wagon on the shell road, when the horse became frightened and ran away, throwing Mr. Jacobs and the children out and demolishing the wagon. Fortunately no one was seriously hurt.

— Workingmen, farmers, merchants, lawyers, doctors, men of all occupations, go to the City Court room to-night and participate in the work of organizing a campaign club to work for the regular Democratic tickets. A great political battle is to be fought in November, and every Democrat should be ready for the conflict.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—74 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar, 38 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1 bale cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 55 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—1 bale cotton, 96 casks spirits turpentine, 213 bbls rosin, 14 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—4 casks spirits turpentine, 28 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar.

Steamer D Murchison—30 casks spirits turpentine, 320 bbls rosin, 158 bbls tar, 13 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2 bales; spirits turpentine, 148 casks; rosin, 690 bbls; tar, 193 bbls; crude turpentine, 4 bbls.

Carolina Cycle Club House.

The building fronting the Sound and Mr. Stokley's place at Wrightsville has been turned over to the Carolina Cycle Club for a club house. The building is a commodious one, with piazza over the water, and when fitted up with sleeping quarters and other accommodations for the wheelmen, the club will own one of the best club houses in the State. They are desirous of adding as many new names as possible to their roll this Summer, and those who are not members and own wheels and wish to take advantage of the opportunities offered in the new club house, should lose no time in handing in their names.

Highway Robbery and Attempted Murder at Whiteville.

A gentleman here yesterday from Whiteville, N. C., reports a highway robbery and attempted murder which caused considerable excitement near that town on Monday night. It being court week, a large number of people were there, and late at night two negroes reported that a white man, Danl. Norris, had assaulted, cut and robbed another white man, Jno. Anderson, of $50. Anderson was badly hurt and the attending physician didn't expect him to live. A magistrate took Anderson's statement of the affair.

A HOT DAY IN CAMP.

SOLDIERS SEEKING SLEEP IN SHADY PLACES.

A Delightful Breeze—Company and Battalion Drill—A Visit from Cape Fear Camp Confederate Veterans—Reception by Mrs. T. J. (Stonewall) Jackson in Their Honor.

STAR HEADQUARTERS.
CAMP NADAL, July 21, 1896.

The thermometer became ambitious yesterday, mounting high on the rounds of heat, and maintained its grip throughout the entire day with considerable tenacity. Many a shirt-sleeved soldier boy sought a shady, secluded spot, spending several hours in sleep and quiet. Seats under the shady moss-covered oaks of the camp were in demand all day, and save for the echoes of distant songs and the far-away roar of the Atlantic, quiet prevailed. It was indeed a hot day—intensely hot—and had not Æolus arrived on the scene and furnished a delightful breeze the heat would have been oppressive. Masses of fog-like clouds had succeeded a bright starry night, but one by one they passed onward to the Atlantic, disclosing the white tents in quiet beauty.

Camp was astir early in the morning and by the time the sun shot its first streams of red light across the Sound, it struck against boys practicing extended order drill and drilling by companies. Heat, dust and sunshine were plentiful, but in spite of the handicap the soldier boys went to work with a vim.

Too much praise cannot be given to the officers of the regiment; they have labored with marked zeal for the success of the encampment and though their duties have been onerous and burdensome, they have gone about their work with a certain pride and pleasure which added to their experience and ability will doubtless crown their labors with success. They have worked assiduously and have contributed greatly to the profit and pleasure of the boys.

Col. Bruton, that gallant, martial-like commander of the Second Regiment, is loved and revered by the entire camp, and justly so; for he is a lovable man, a man of strictly Southern type, devoted to his boys and careful ever of their welfare. In fact all of the officers have proven themselves worthy of their charge and have conducted the entire affair in a most admirable manner.

Every one is carried away with Wilmington and the coast and at no time have any expressed themselves as dissatisfied. They all say unhesitatingly that Wrightsville is the place of all places in North Carolina for the annual encampment of the State Guard. It is to be regretted that all the regiments could not encamp with us this year, for surely, so far as convenience, supplies and accommodations are concerned, Wrightsville is without a peer.

Cape Fear Camp United Confederate Veterans, escorted by the Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias, came down to camp this afternoon on the 2.30 o'clock train. The veterans were under command of Capt. L. S. Belden; the Knights of Pythias, Sir Knight Lieutenant Lippitt. Upon their arrival they were met by Lieutenant Colonel Walker Taylor and a detachment from each company under command of Capt. S. J. Cobb, of the Lumber Bridge company. After the customary salute, the veterans and their escort, headed by the Second Regiment band, marched to headquarters, where Col. Jno. F. Bruton and staff were awaiting to; receive them. Col. Taylor introduced the veterans to Col. Bruton, who welcomed them to the camp, placing it in their charge. Commander Belden responded to Col. Bruton's speech in a few well chosen remarks. After the Veterans were introduced the band struck up "Dixie," and the Veterans broke ranks and shook hands with friends and old acquaintances at the camp.

At 6 o'clock the Veterans went on dress parade with the regiment, and after dress parade, headed by the band, marched over to Capt. Manning's hotel, where Mrs. T. J. (Stonewall) Jackson and her two grand children were waiting to receive them. Upon arriving at Capt. Manning's the Veterans were drawn up in line in front of the piazza, on which sat Mrs. Jackson and her two grand children. Rev. Dr. Carmichael, in a very touching and appropriate speech, introduced Mrs. Jackson. Rev. Dr. Preston, of the First Presbyterian Church of Charlotte, responded for Mrs. Jackson, in a very pathetic and able manner. The Veterans then marched up and were introduced to Mrs. Jackson. At 7.40 o'clock they took the train for Wilmington, a happy set of "vets." At the Wilmington Light Infantry quarters, in camp, the veterans had a jolly time. The boys sung songs and had a dress parade for them.

CAMP NOTES.

If Tom Davis keeps on with his singing he will soon be able to start an incubator. He has already received several dozen ancient eggs.

The Wilson Light Infantry and the Wilmington Light Infantry—the two W. L. I's.—are like one.

Lieutenant Bumgarder, of the Sampson Light Infantry, has certainly made a hit with our boys.

Corporal H. W. McKoy of the Wilson company, had certainly a free ride for nothing yesterday afternoon.

Commissary Lilly of the Lumber Bridge company, sets a regular Delmonico table.

The Wilmington Light Infantry and the Wilson Light Infantry had quite a fantastic bottle parade this afternoon. Did the bottles save Nuffin? No, not exactly.

Private McQueen, of Maxton, is sleepy. Oh, well, that is his normal condition.

Geo. H. D. Farrior, of the Sampson Light Infantry, skipped by the sentinel Sunday night and the "villian still persued him."

"Old Hoss" Gillican has his camera in camp.

"Queen" McKoy and "Jimmie M." Whitney want to know if their beauty is going to be "struck."

Drummer Thompson can certainly sell tobacco. Well, I should smile.

The Hornet's Nest Riflemen have singers hard to beat.

Lieutenant White is as clever as ever.

Privates Corbett, Forshee and Hooper have organized a Sunday School class.

"Tobe" Connor, that ugly boy of Wilson, is here—and by a big majority, too. Tobe, don't cut all of the Wilmington boys out. Leave us a few.

The management of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad feel highly gratified at the orderly and courteous manner in which the soldier boys have conducted themselves. They have given no trouble at all and the conductors are always glad to welcome them.

Miss Mary L. McKoy, city; Miss Sadie Hanes, Winston; Miss Lilla Young, Winston; chaperoned by Mrs. Thos. H. McKoy, were entertained at headquarters last evening.

Sergeant Warren entertained a STAR representative at headquarters yesterday.

Naval Reserves Inspection To-day.

The Wilmington Naval Reserves will be inspected this afternoon by Inspector General Smith at Camp Nadal, Wrightsville. A gala time may be expected. The Reserves will be the guests of the W. L. I., and the boys promise them a good time.

The naval division will assemble at the armory at 4 p. m., march to Princess street depot, where they will embark on the 5.10 train for Wrightsville. All members are urgently requested to attend. Lieut. Morton wishes to make a good showing and the inspection being the regular annual one, is important.

Fell and Broke His Leg.

Yesterday afternoon at 5.15 o'clock, Jno. Cash, a very respectable colored man, who lives at No. 718 Orange street, between Seventh and Eighth streets, while at work on a new dwelling house, corner of Dock and Fourth streets, became overheated and fell from a scaffolding fifteen feet from the ground, breaking one of his legs between the knees and thigh. Soon after the accident he was taken home in a carriage and was attended by two physicians. He will probably recover.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

The Sunday School and Epworth League Confeaenee of the Wilmington District, M. E. Church, South, will convene at Zion Church, Brunswick county, Friday morning, 31st day of this month, at 9 o'clock.

The steamer *Daggett*, for the accommodation of the Conference, will make a special trip, leaving her wharf at the foot of Dock street Thursday, 30th, at 1½ o'clock, and will carry delegates direct to the place of the Conference, and returning will reach Wilmington Saturday in time for the afternoon trains out from the city. Fare for the round trip from Wilmington and return, 50 cents. All delegates and visitors expecting to attend should make a note of this arrangement.

The opening sermon will be preached Thursday night by Rev. D. C. Geddie.

W. S. RONE, P. E.

City Court.

In the City Court yesterday, Mayor Harriss presiding, four colored boys—Willie Wilkinson, Chas. Morish, Andrew Lavender and Peter Gordon—charged with housebreaking, were committed to jail to await the action of the Criminal Court.

Thos. Hawkins, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was turned over to his parents for correction.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our 'Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

They Are Coming.

The STAR learns, through a correspondent, that Mr. R. L Bridger, of Bladenboro, and who is Treasurer of Bladen county, having been elected as a Populist in 1894, has announced his determination to support the entire Democratic ticket at the next election. In less than sixty days announcements like that of Mr. Bridger will be as "common as pig tracks."

A Cutting Scrape.

Last night about 11 o'clock a fight occurred between two negroes on the corner of Seventh and Orange streets. The parties were Frank Carter and Henry Jennings. Jennings cut several gashes in Carter's left leg from which he bled profusely. A woman was the cause of the trouble. After Carter's wounds were attended to by a physician he was sent to the City Hospital.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE TO MEET JULY 30.

Plan of Campaign to be Outlined and a New Chairman Selected—Populistic Gossip—Governor Carr—State Treasurer Worth—The S. A. L.'s Fight With the Southern Railroad

[*Special Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 21.

Caucasian editorials of three and five months ago would be the most interesting addition to North Carolina literature possible at this time. Then it was that partisan politics was denounced and the non-partisan idea paraded before the people. "Principle before party," in big black letters pervaded leading editorials. A man who put party ahead of principle was branded as a traitor to his country.

A voice from St. Louis says that the autonomy of the Populist party must prevail. Senator Butler leads the chorus. There will be a lot of explaining between now and the day of election.

An effort will be made to get Mr. Bryan to speak here. It has been suggested that he speak here Fair week and a one-cent rate on the railroads be given.

Excursions were at their height today. One came in from Goldsboro bound for Asheville and another left here under the auspices of the Odd Fellows for the same point. A large crowd also reached here to-day from Norfolk on an excursion by way of the Southern.

Dr. Mott says this State will not go Democratic, even if the Populists support Bryan. He thinks the Populists will win. Yet, he is quoted as saying that 40,000 Republicans in North Carolina will vote for the silver candidate, whoever he may be.

Gov. Carr is expected to return from Morehead City this afternoon.

"Father" Worth has little to say, further than that Mr. Bryan is a good man. He says the boys will do the right thing at St. Louis

Parties on the inside say they believe the Southern will meet the Seaboard's cut at every point.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Democratic State Executive Committee has been called to meet here July 30th. Cy. Watson and the other nominees will be present. A plan of campaign will be authorized and outlined, and a new chairman selected. Chairman Pou announced to-day that he would positively not accept a re-election. There is no doubt but that Clem Manly will be elected chairman. The headquarters of the committee will be continued in Raleigh as heretofore. Mr. Pou is much encouraged at the outlook.

CITY AFFAIRS.

Proceedings of Meeting of Board of Audit and Finance.

The Board of Audit and Finance met yesterday in regular session. Present, Messrs. Wm. Calder (chairman), H. C. McQueen, C. W. Yates, Jos. H. Hanby.

A communication dated July 15, from the Police Board, was read, asking that some action be taken on the bond of T. A. Watson, as cattle weigher; that it be either accepted or rejected; and that the term of office of W. H. Styron as cattle weigher would expire July 21st.

It was ordered that the communication be sent to the Board of Aldermen with the request that they show cause why the bond of Mr. Watson should not be accepted, if the security on the bond is deemed sufficient by the Board of Audit and Finance.

The clerk submitted statement of examination of the books of the city treasurer for the month of June, showing cash on hand, June 1st, 1896, $9,473.24; receipts during month of June, $3,788.41; disbursements during the month of June, $7,552.22. Cash on hand, July 1st, $5,708.43. Statement of cash deposits: With Murchison & Co., bankers, $2,737.46; Atlantic National Bank, $1,288.89; National Park Bank, New York, $1,125; currency on hand, $602.08. Total, $5,708.43.

Bills were audited and approved as follows: Current expenses, $382.11; interest on loans to pay coupons, $524.88.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice July 22, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

A—Maria E Anderson, Mrs Margaret Albriton. B—Mrs Ana Bryant, Mrs Georgenia Brown, Mrs Harriett Barrett. C—Nrs Mary C Council. G—Miss Mary F Garrett. L—Mrs W C Leak. M—Mrs Allen Moseley, Anna Miller, Miss Lillie Lay Martin. P—Mfs Bertie Piner. S—Ann Steth, Mrs A J Speese, Mrs W M Spivey. W—Miss Julia Wise, Miss Maggie Welds.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Soloman Atkinson. B—Capt. John Branch, Joseph Jno Baptist, Neil Becvate, W L Butler (2). C—J A Casey. F—Willie Fisher. G—W S Green. H—Bryant Henderson. B—Hense Bowden. H—D E Hewes, Toon Herring. J—Albert Jones, Capt H C James, James W Jones. K—Rev D H King (2), William Kelly. M—C W Munger, Geo P McClurkin, F M Melene, W D McLeod. N W Richard, John J Ridgen. S—Ebert Shaver, Jas P Scott. T—J A Taeveatt, Robt Telfair. W—A Windley, Beetwen Wright, Ed Williams (co). D G Wadlay, John Woods, John Watkins, Rev J W Waddell, Louis H Walker. V—Dr E Van Ness.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

B McClennon, Francis Starkey, J Wallace.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

The "Reflector" Pleased.

The editor of the Greenville *Reflector* says of his recent visit to Wilmington: "Wilmington was exceedingly courteous to the editors and made their stay in the city of such pleasure as to be an occasion long remembered, even going so far as to invite the Association to make Wilmington its permanent headquarters."

CONVENTION DATES.

Populist National Convention, St. Louis, July 23.

Silver National Convention, St. Louis, July 22.

Democratic Congressional Convention 6th District—Rockingham, August 2th.

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

CAMPAIGN NEWS.

Minnesota Republicans for Bryan—Gold Literature Don't Suit—Republican Bolters All Around.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., July 17.—Five hundred silver Republicans, in convention assembled at Minneapolis to-day, indorsed Bryan and Sewall and instructed the thirty delegates to the St. Louis Silver Convention to do all in their power to secure an indorsement of the Chicago nominee.

To-night in the same auditorium in which Harrison was nominated in 1892, 6,000 silver men met and ratified the nomination of Bryan. It was distinctly a meeting of those who have hitherto been Republicans. Prominent among those present were several ex Congressmen, the Lieutenant Governor of the State and many others who have hitherto been prominent in Republican councils.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The Republican Congressional Campaign Committee has been put to the necessity of getting up an entirely new line of campaign literature. Chairman Babcock, since the declaration of the Chicago Convention, has been overwhelmed with letters from Republican nominees for Congress protesting against the further sending of gold literature into their districts. One candidate wrote that it had already made his election impossible, as the district, which is nominally Republican, would roll up a big free silver majority.

WILLIMANTIC, CONN., July 17.—Edward M. Barrett, a prominent Republican of this city, has come out flatfooted for Bryan and silver. Mr. Barrett has lived all his life in this city and Jewett City, and has been a hard worker for his party.

COVENTRY, R. I., July 17.—Joseph Perkins, William Green and H. C. Colvin, all stanch Republicans, are out for Bryan. A silver club has been organized in this town and fourteen Republicans have joined it. The Knights of Labor, almost to a man, will support Bryan and Sewall.

STEWART IS INDIGNANT.

He Charges Some of the Pop. Leaders With Playing Into McKinley's Hands.

The annexed extract from the St. Louis correspondence of the New York *Journal* is interesting:

General Weaver and Senator Stewart met Chairman Taubeneck in the lobby of the Lindell to-day. The three began discussing the situation.

"What are you for, Taubeneck?" asked Senator Stewart.

"A third ticket and our own platform," replied the chairman.

"Are you for free silver?" asked Stewart.

"Certainly," said Taubeneck.

DENOUNCES CHAIRMAN TAUBENECK.

"A third ticket promotes McKinley's interest," said Stewart.

The feeling among some of the delegates is in favor of joining with the Republicans," retorted Taubeneck.

Senator Stewart's indignation gave his face an apoplectic look. He said loudly:

"Then you fellows are traitors! Then you don't want Bryan elected; you want to play into McKinley's hands. That sort of thing won't do, and there's no reason why all holding those views should not get out of the Populist party. I thought you were fighting for a principle and would welcome an opportunity to get it. I see I am mistaken, but it does not matter whether or not you bolt, the masses in the Populist party are for Bryan and will vote for him irrespective of what certain leaders advise."

Will Russell Meet Watson.

Charlotte *News*: The North Carolina Gubernatorial campaign is to be opened at River Bend, in Gaston county, on August 4th, the occasion of the big annual picnic at that place.

Hon. Cyrus B. Watson, the Democratic candidate for Governor, will be there. A letter received from him to-day says that the *News* can make this announcement for him. He will be on hand and will deliver an address. Russell, the Republican candidate for Governor, has been informed of the programme, and has been specially invited to be present and meet Watson. Will he accept the invitation, and if not what excuse will he offer?

LAVIGNE AND M'KEEVER

Fight Six Rounds to a Draw Monday Night.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Kid Lavigne, the lightweight champion of the world, and Charlie McKeever, of Philadelphia, fought six rounds to a draw at Madison Square Garden to-night. Lavigne had an easy time until the last round, when McKeever woke up in a wonderful manner and went at his man like a cyclone. His two-handed fighting was excellent, and he was wildly cheered. It is believed that the result to-night will lead to the matching of the two men.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seacoast Railroad.

A SPECIAL TRAIN WILL leave Ocean View to-night for the city at 11.30 o'clock. jy 22 1t

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Episcopal High School,
Near Alexandria, Virginia.
Founded in 1839.
For Boys. The next Annual Session opens Wednesday, September 23, 1896.
Illustrated Catalogue sent on application to L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.
jy 22 2m wed su

Notre Dame of Maryland.
College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. Charles St Ave., Baltimore, Md.
jy 12 2m* wed sat su

122 and 124 W. Franklin St., BALTIMORE, MD.
Edgeworth Boarding and Day School
for Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, Sept. 24th, 34th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
jy 22 2m* wed sat

FOR SALE.

WE OFFER FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING mentioned property:
Lot 70 by 66, on east side Dickson's Alley, in Block 191, 143 feet north of Church street.
Block 290, six full Lots, situated between Front and Second and Harnett and Bladen streets. Two houses upon this property, each containing six rooms.
Par. of Lots 2, 3 and 4, in Block 277, with frontage of 70 feet on Third street, running back westwardly 135 feet to Walker's Alley.
All of Lots 7 and 8, and parts of Lots 5 and 6, in Block 305, fronting on Harnett street and Front and Second streets.
Parts of Lots 3 and 4 in Block 504, fronting on Harnett between Second and Third streets.
For terms and particulars apply to
CRONLY & MORRIS,
July 22, 1896. 120 Princess street.
"Messenger" copy 1t 26. wed fr su jy 22 3t

Fish Kegs.

500 New Fish Kegs.
700 Bags Salt.
400 Reams Paper.
500 Pounds Paper Twine.
400 Pounds Cotton Twine.
225 Bundles Bags.
175 Bundles Butter Dishes.

W. B. COOPER.
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water street,
jy 19 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

HAZEL BLOOM.

This is the name of the brand of the best extract of
Witch Hazel
now on the market, and the price is 25 cents for pint, same as inferior Witch Hazel. For sale only by
JAMES D. NUTT,
jy 17 tf The Druggist.

1896 Turnip Seed 1896.

New Crop, Large Stock, Low Prices.
Country orders solicited.
J. H. Hardin
SEEDSMAN,
jy 19 tf New Market.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:
Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7 15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 10 p. m.
On and after July 15th there will be no 12.30 p. m. freight train on the W. S. C. R. R. Freight will be carried at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. and 5.10 p. m.
Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m., 7 p. m.

SPECIAL TRAIN DURING ENCAMPMENT
Between Ocean View and Greenville.
Leave Ocean View 8 30 a. m.
Leave Greenville 9 00 a. m.
Arrive Ocean View 9.45 a. m.
Between Ocean View and Wilmington.
Leave Ocean View 7 20 p. m.
Arrive Wilmington 8.15 p. m.
Leave Wilmington 10.30 p. m.
Arrive Ocean View 11 15 p. m.
R. OSCAR GRANT,
jy 18 tf Superintendent.

250 BOXES TOBACCO.

200 Cadies Tobacco,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street.
jy 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

jy 21 tf
At The Unlucky Corner.
S. W. SANDERS,
The price is down also, 12½c a Can.
This ad about 3-lb. Pears is upside down.
3-lb. Can Pears, 3-lb. Can Pears,
PEARS, PEARS,
PEARS, PEARS, PEARS, PEARS, PEARS,
PEARS,
SOUTHPORT AND CAROLINA BEACH
SCHEDULE.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	For South port.	For Carolina Beach.			
	A. M.	A. M	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
TUESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
WEDNESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
THURSDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
FRIDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SATURDAY	9.30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SUNDAY	.....	....	10 00	2 30	.....

Schedule for return see Black Board at the Beach. Fare to Beach and return 25c. Fare on 5.15 to the Pier and return 15 cents.
ju 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 22

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.
FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your farms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."—From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina." —*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

FACTS AND FANCIES.

We clip the following from the Philadelphia *Ledger*, because it contains with the statement of facts a supplement of fancy for which there isn't a particle of foundation. It says:

During the twelve months ended June 30, 1896, the exports of silver exceeded the imports by $46,736,845. This silver was exported as merchandise, and its value was approximately 53 cents an ounce. It was exported because this country is a large producer of silver and other countries were able to buy it here to advantage, just as they buy wheat and cotton and sewing machines and ready made clothing. When, by the passage of a free coinage act, the United States Government proclaims to the world that it is ready to pay 100 cents an ounce for an unlimited amount of silver, the millions of ounces that have gone abroad will come hurrying back, together with millions of ounces from other sources, and gold will go out in exchange for them. In a little while this country will be loaded up with silver and its gold will have gone abroad. Then it will be a silver nation—but how that will make it any happier than it is at present is not exactly clear.

This silver was exported as merchandise and sold in other countries just as wheat, cotton, sewing machines and ready made clothing are, and the foreign buyers bought it here because this country is the greatest producer of silver and they could buy it cheaper here than elsewhere. This is a statement of fact. The buyers paid about 53 cents an ounce for it; another statement of fact; but why was this silver bullion, worth something over $47,000,000, shipped as merchandise, and sold at about half what it would have brought in 1873? In that year this same bullion would have been worth nearly $100,000,000. The answer is that this silver was a money metal up to 1973, and was not sold as "merchandise, as wheat, cotton, sewing machines or ready-made clothing." It was a coin metal then and its value stood at the mint figure, which was $1 25 an ounce. When it was demonetized, when the mints of this and the demonetizing European countries were closed against it, its best and most steady markets were cut off, it was reduced to the rank of a mere metal of commerce, and its price became dependent upon the supply. As there was more produced than the arts required the price fell to a little over half what it was in 1873.

It is not fair nor honest to attribute this to overproduction, for while it is true that there has been overproduction in this country resulting from the contracted market, there has not been overproduction compared with previous years in the world at large, and with the increase in production there is not more produced now than there would be use for if it had access to the mints as it had previous to its demonetization.

When the writer of the above paragraph asserts that in the event of the passage of a free silver act, the United States Government would proclaim that it was ready to pay 100 cents an ounce for an unlimited quantity of silver, all this silver would come hurrying back with millions of ounces from other sources, and our gold would go to pay for it, he builds a man of straw to knock the stuffing out of it. In the first place this Government would not announce that it was ready to pay 100 cents an ounce for silver, nor 1 cent an ounce, for it would not be in the silver buying business either by the ounce or ton. It would simply announce that a person who brought silver of standard fineness to the mint could have it converted into coined dollars or get dollars for it if the mint had any dollars on hand.

But why should this silver come back? It was shipped abroad not to hold and speculate upon but for use in the arts, or in the coinage of the silver using countries to which it was shipped. It was needed and used and therefore there is not the slightest probability if any of it ever coming back.

The result of the passage of a free coinage act will be that silver in this country will go up to the mint value, and that the people of other countries who have use for it will pay $1 29 an ounce for it instead of 53 cents. As this country is the greatest producer of silver and now the largest exporter, the price would be fixed here and the silver producers of other countries would govern themselves accordingly. The price of silver would go up the world over, and there would be no reason to ship it from other countries to this country to have it coined because it would be worth as much in other countries as it would be in this. The fact that the coinage of silver continued in France after it had ceased in other countries kept up the price, because it was worth the mint price in France and the price in France governed the price in other countries. But France was not flooded with silver, and the price of silver did not fall until coinage was stopped in France and it wasn't stopped there until France concluded she had all the money she needed, which is about twice as much *per capita* as we have now.

With free coinage there will be no rush of silver to this country, because there will be nothing to be gained by it and hence our gold will not go out to pay for silver brought in, nor will there be any flood of silver coined and dumped upon the country, for the increased and fixed value of silver will make it a collateral which will command money at any time and will be quite as available and valuable in large enterprises where it is necessary to use or borrow much money as the coin itself. It will not be coined any more rapidly than it can be absorbed by the business of the country, but it will be more valuable as a basis upon which to command money, because it will have a stable value that will not depend upon market fluctuations as now.

MINOR MENTION.

The gold raiders continue to get in their work on the reserve which they have reduced nearly $10,000,000 under the $100,000,000 mark. An effort will be made, in fact has been made, to charge the raiding that is now going on to the Chicago platform, but this will not do for the draining has been going on steadily ever since the reserve was replenished by the last sale of bonds. From April to July 1st about $30,000,000 was withdrawn, and since July 1st $13,000,000. They cannot charge what was withdrawn before the meeting of the Chicago Convention to the platform adopted, nor can they charge the $307,000,000 withdraw since March 4th, 1893, to the agitation of the silver question. The fact is that gold is a speculative metal, European governments and European banks are hoarding it, this creates a demand for it abroad, and this gives the speculators a chance to make something by shipping it, and they are doing it. It is simply a matter of business with them, and political platforms have no more to do with it than they have in influencing the direction of the winds. The assertion is often and emphatically reiterated by the gold men that the endorsement of free silver by the people will put gold at a premium may have much to do with it, in stimulating European purchases before the price goes up, and in stimulating withdrawals for hoarding in this country before the advance in price. This would be the logical effect of the contention of the gold men on those who have confidence in their opinions, so that they are contributing to the very thing they deprecate and profess to fear as the result of the success of free silver, that is driving gold out of the country, and reducing us to the silver basis which they say would be so disastrous.

***

Bonds or no bonds will soon be the question, unless a stop can be put to the runs on the gold reserve, which is now nearly $10,000,000 below the mark. Our press dispatches report that the national banks will come to the relief of the Treasury by exchanging some of their surplus gold for greenbacks. They have done this before, but bonds were issued in due time all the same. They may and probably will do so again, for they are interested at this time in preventing another issue of bonds, at least until after the next Presidential election. The gentlemen who are fighting for the perpetuation of the gold standard, whether they be bankers or not, are also very much interested in this, for another issue of bonds would be an object lesson that the free silver advocates would make splendid use of in the next campaign. We are now paying $9,000,000 a year in interest on the money borrowed since March 4th, 1893, to keep up this gold reserve and supply speculators with gold to trade on, when we had the right under the law and in morals to redeem in silver every note redeemed in gold, and yet the gold redeeming has been going on, necessitating the borrowing of over $260,000,000 in addition to what was in the Treasury before the borrowing began. How long are the people going to stand that thing? Where will be the end of it? How will they take another issue of bonds to fill up the hole? This is the question that perplexes the bond issuers, and this is the question that will bring the banks to the relief of the Treasury, if they come.

***

Some of the Eastern so called Democratic papers which are kicking against the Chicago platform and ticket, but can't swallow McKinley just as he is, are making desperate efforts to get him to say something that would give them a half decent pretext for supporting him. They are afraid his desire to reward Mr. Mark Hanna for the services rendered in securing his nomination and to show his appreciation of the liberal contributions by manufacturers for the same purpose, might induce him to favor some legislation friendly to silver to secure the support of free silver Representatives and Senators from the West in the passage of a higher tariff for the benefit of Mr. Hanna and his contributors. Hence the New York *Times* makes the following appeal to him:

Why, then, should not Mr. McKinley go a little further and dispel the doubts of many patriots by saying that if he should be elected he would oppose all legislation brought forward in the interest of the silver policy, even it should be impossible to enact any revision of the tariff without making any concessions to the silver group in the Senate."

This is an echo of similar appeals which we have seen in other gold standard so called Democratic papers, which have not the nerve to come out openly and boldly for Mr. McKinley as the New York *Sun*, which now shines for him, and the Philadelphia *Times* have done. But so far there has been no response from Mr. McKinley and it is safe to predict that there will not be.

The paragraph man of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, referring to the demand of the Populists that the per capita circulation be increased by the Gonernment to $50, says: "Now, if they will just define the way in which each one is to get his $50, a great many of us would be interested in the subject." The alleged per capita circulation is now about $24. If the *Ledger* paragraph man will suggest a way by which each one is to get his $24 a great many of us will not only be interested in the subject but will be much obliged to him.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Is this Henry Watterson the same Henry who used to traverse the country delivering a lurid lecture on "The Money Devil" and gathering in return therefor all the big Bland dollars he could? Is it the same Henry? Then the money devil has caught him sure!—*Columbia State, Dem.*

—— John Most, the arch-anarchist, is not a new addition to the gold standard party. He and his kind have been with it all the time. The gold standard creates ths very conditions in which anarchy breeds and grows strong. And Herr John Most, the arch-anarchist, knows it. —*Atlanta Constitution, Dem.*

—— The intemperate invective and anarchistic vituperation of the mouthpieces of the money sharks of Wall street and the monopolists will not harm Bryan and Sewall. Honest people are not deceived by the wild ravings of despoilers of the nation's honor. Democrats have logic and right on their side.—*N. Y. Mercury, Dem.*

—— The New York *Sun* is discovering all sorts of terrible things about "Billy" Bryan. It learns that he is a corporation lawyer, being an assistant counsel of the Missouri Pacific railroad, of which George Gould is president and Russell Sage is a director. We may probably be informed after a while that the Democratic Nominee is really Jack the Ripper, and that he was also the man in the Iron Mask.—*Savannah News (gold) Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

—He (bitterly)—"Pshaw! All women are alike."

She—"Then why in the world do you spend so much time trying to find the one you want to marry?"

—He—"I hear that small waists are going out of date."

She—"I think not. Who told you?"

"Laura Figg."

"Yes; poor Laura is getting quite stout of late."—*Indianapolis Journal*

—"Strange about that burglar getting arrested while dressed like a woman."

"Nothing queer about that; he couldn't find his pistol pocket."—*Chicago Record*

—Bobby—There was a new boy in school to-day.

Bingo—In your class?

Bobby—I guess not! I licked him with one hand.—*Puck*

—"I knows er heap er men," said Uncle Eben, "dat kain't re'lize dat it ain' no mo' wuhk ter carry in wood or coal foh money dan it is ter carry er transparency in a percession foh ne'ffin."—*Washington Star.*

—The flush of victory was upon his face. He felt that he was a veritable Don Juan. "You are the first girl that I ever kissed," he said. "O, I could easily tell that," she replied.—*Chicago Post.*

You need Hood's Sarsaparilla to enrich and purify your blood, create an appetite and give sweet, refreshing sleep. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Salisbury *Herald:* Freight on the Southern was never heavier than now, say railroad men. Saturday night the yard crew handled 107 cars from the Western road alone, taking no account of those handled from the main line and the warehouse. In all there were enough cars to make 17 trains.

—Greenville *Reflector*: A man obtained a license from Register of Deeds King to day for another man to get married. This is the third time that the same man has applied for license for the same groom-elect to get married and every time the bride have been first consins to each other, all three of them granddaughters of the same man. We doubt if there is a parallel case to this on record.

—Windsor *Ledger*: By the death of Maj James L. Anderson, of Winton, Hertford county loses one of her best citizens. Both as citizen and official he was faithful to every duty. He served as a member of the Board of County Commissioners for several terms, and was twice elected to the Legislature. He leaves an estate estimated at about $40,000, which goes to his two sisters, Mrs. Faison, of Winton, and Mrs. Knox, of Tennessee. He was never married.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Columbus circuit, Wootens, July 25, 26.
Brunswick circuit, Zion, August 1, 2
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, August 2.
Carver's Creek circuit, Hebron, August 8.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, August 9, 10.
Waccamaw circuit, Lebanon, August 10.
Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.
Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.
Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.
Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.
Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.
Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

FOUNDING THE KONGO STATE.

Explorer Stanley Tells In Brief the Story of the Great Enterprise.

During my descent of the Kongo I had revolved over and over in my mind the question of the destiny of the river. Seated at the prow of my boat, which led our flotilla, and daily watching the river developing itself, I was preoccupied with these thoughts every leisure moment. There was, it seemed to me, no other power but England that could interest itself with this part of Africa, and, as I said, there was not a single white man in possession of any portion of the equatorial belt except at the mouth of the Kongo, where a few traders had gathered. But despite the numerous addresses in England upon this subject I failed to awaken more than a geographical interest in equatorial Africa. The terror of the African climate in general was too strong upon everybody.

Elsewhere, however, the reports of my addresses in the English newspapers were taking effect. After nearly nine months' busy life in England the king of the Belgians invited me to visit him, and I was then informed of his strong inclination to undertake for Africa what I had been so strenuously advising Englishmen to do. He was already president of the African International association, which was about to set on foot a humanitarian enterprise from the east coast, and he led me to understand that if I were free from other engagements he would like to employ me in opening the Kongo basin to European influence and civilization.

It was my opinion that the best way of setting about the work was to construct a light surface railway which should skirt the cataracts of the lower Kongo and then to launch steamers on the upper waters, which I estimated would furnish about 6,000 miles of navigation. We argued about this matter from August to December, 1878. The best Belgian engineers were consulted, but after the most elaborate calculations as to cost it was finally decided that as the expense would be great we should content ourselves with making wagon roads past the cataracts and build a series of military stations for the protection of caravans, and that the annual expenditure should not exceed $60,000. —Henry M. Stanley in Century.

Lesson Learned at Home.

"What do you expect to bring forward in this congress?" said one new member to another.

"Absolutely nothing," was the reply.

"But are you not going to try to write your name on the immortal scroll of fame? Don't you realize that you were sent here by your constituents to see to it that these other fellows don't let the ship of state drift on to a sand bar?"

"My dear friend, I don't bother myself with reflections of that kind. My wife, who is a discerning and practical woman, once made a remark to me during housecleaning time which has assisted me on many occasions."

"What was it?"

"She said that next to a genuine hero the man to be most admired is one who knows how not to get in the way."—Washington Star.

The rook is the only bird that repairs his nest in the fall. The same birds use the same nests year after year, and just before migrating they touch up their nests and put them in order for the winter.

Virginians are nicknamed Beadles, from a colonial functionary.

All Manner of Outdoor Sports

are symbolized in the Prize Cups, Vases, etc., manufactured in GORHAM SOLID SILVER. The range of fancy thus displayed, and to be seen at any first-class jeweler's, is a constant surprise, even to those who are acquainted in some degree with the artistic resources of this company.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

IS THIS A NATION OF GRUMBLERS?

A Hotel Man Says That Guests Here Are Extremely Hard to Please.

"Americans are said to be the best natured people in the world, and it is also often said that they will put up with more inconvenience and discomfort without grumbling than the people of other countries." So spoke a prominent hotel proprietor one evening last week. He went on: "I do not wish to contradict these broad statements only so far as they relate to our people and our hotels. We have by far the best hotels in the world, and this is no idle, Fourth of July boast, and yet of all the people on earth our own are the greatest grumblers and the most exacting after they have placed their names on a hotel register.

"To say that they simply want the earth is sometimes putting it mildly. They want not only that, but want a roof garden on top of it which will permit them to grab the moon. They want the best of rooms, food and drink, baths in every room, electric bells, speaking tubes, stationery and an amount of waiting on that to satisfy some of them would necessitate providing a 'front' for about every guest.

"And, then, if this is all made satisfactory, and there is nothing else to kick about, they kick about the charges. Now, one often hears comparisons made between this country and Europe, to the decided detriment of the United States. If anything goes wrong, it is immediately said that such a state of affairs would not be tolerated in Europe. But one will notice that unfavorable comparisons made between our hotels and those abroad are generally made by Americans who have never visited Europe. Europeans know better. We have the best hotels in the world, and those of London, Paris or Berlin are not to be compared with them. Enlightened foreigners will generally readily admit this themselves. Just now every guest we have wants a private bathroom, and no matter how full the house is feels aggrieved if it cannot be had. There is a man staying in the house who recently returned from Paris. While there he staid at the best or at least the highest priced hotel in the city. But no matter what he was willing to pay he could not get a private bath. He could not even get a bath on the same floor with his suit of rooms, but had to go down stairs to the hotel's public baths.

"Then, again, much has been said about the cost of living in this country compared with that abroad. The truth is, good living costs more in London and Paris than it does in New York. Of course I speak of the comparative prices of the really first class hotels and restaurants. I like to see our people go abroad, as when they get home they are, as a rule, far better satisfied with their own country than they were before, and especially with our hotels and modes of traveling."—New York Tribune.

The Last of the Garrison.

In the course of the giant struggle before Metz, a handful of chasseurs flung themselves into a small red roofed farmhouse, determined to sell their lives dearly. They barricaded the ground floor as strongly as they were able, and from the upper story opened firo on their assailants. For nearly two hours the Prussians were kept at bay. The storm of rifle bullets riddled the roof and upper walls, and finally, one by one, the chassepots were silenced. Concluding that the ammunition of the little stronghold had at length been exhausted, and prepared for a savage hand to hand tussle with the garrison, the Prussians burst through the barricade and effected an entrance.

To their amazement the ground floor was unoccupied save for a little girl of 5, who looked up into their faces with a smile of happy unconcern. She had been playing with her doll, and evidently thought that the heavy firing had been an odd new game which the "grown ups" had been having especially for her amusement. As the big blue eyed sergeant caught her up in his arms and kissed her, she asked, with an air of disappointment, why they had stopped the pretty "boom boom." Through the terrible death wrestle of two mighty nations this happy little house mother had been pleasantly absorbed in family cares. The wrath of kings, the savagery of ancient race hatreds, were things she could not understand, even the hurricane of fire and lead had seemed to her but such strange elemental music as the wren in its nest hears when a thunder shower sweeps over the woodland.

A ladder led to the upper floor of the farmhouse, and when the conquerors ascended they found among the wreckage of shattered roof and crumbling walls the rest of the garrison—no more than nine in all—lying dead. Beside them lay the mother of the child, with a chassepot still clutched in her hand.—Good Words.

Rossini's Memory.

Rossini's memory was lacking in retentiveness, especially in respect to the names of persons who had been introduced to him. This forgetfulness was frequently a cause of amusement whenever Rossini was among company. One day he met Bishop, the English composer. Rossini knew the face well enough, and at once greeted him. "Ah, my dear Mr."— but the name escaped his memory, and to convince him that he had not forgotten him Rossini began whistling Bishop's glee, "When the Wind Blows," a compliment which "the English Mozart," as Bishop had been dubbed, recognized quite as readily as if his ecclesiastical surname had been mentioned.

Mme. Rostowska.

Mme. Rostowska of Lille, France, is 112 years old and a major's widow. She was the cantiniere of a Polish regiment in the Russian campaign, was under fire 12 times, received three wounds and was decorated with the silver cross. Besides this, she has survived her 15 children, the last of whom she buried at the age of 80.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy: that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

"I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

THE SUSPENDER FAD.

RASTUS—"Here you, Line, wot yer dun doin' wid my best Sunday suspenses, hey!"

LIZE—"Why, pop, I dun see in der papers dat it's de stile fo' young ladies to wear suspenders now, and I dun borrowed yo' fo' de ball dis evening, and I want to take along your Pick Leaf Smoking Tobacco."

LYON & CO'S
PICK LEAF
EXTRA
SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

—"Do you think your mother would let you have another piece of cake, Willie?'

"Oh, yes, ma'am. She told me to be sure and get filled up while I had the chance."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by it use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb		@	4½
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	4¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	11 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bush 1, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	4½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE ℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguira	20	@	
Rio	14	@	18
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	4¾
Yarns ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	1½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	23 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ bar el	3 00	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 1	@	4 50
First Patent	4 45	@	4 97
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@	
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bag—White	42½	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	43½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	37
Oats, from store	33½	@	37½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@	2½
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (Sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	32
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 25	@	2 45
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City mess	8 50	@	9 00
Rump	8 50	@	9 00
Prime	8 50	@	8 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	28
SALT, ℔ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 lb Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 85	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd	5½	@	5
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex C		@	4¾
Ext a C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C Yellow		@	3
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY ℔ gallon—Northern	1 10	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 10	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	13	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 23¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and dull at 21¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 83½ per bbl for Strained and $1 87½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1 80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25⅝@25½c; rosin, strained, $1 20; good strained $1 25; tar $1 30; crude turpentine $1 20, 1 70, 2 20.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	148
Rosin	690
Tar	193
Crude Turpentine	41

Receipts same day last year—361 casks spirits turpentine, 763 bbls rosin, 142 bbls tar, 65 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market nominal and nothing doing.
Same day last year, middling 7c.
Receipts—2 bales; same day last year, 00.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3.50; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 21—Evening.—Money on call was firmer at 2@3 per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange was easy; actual business in bankers' bills at 488@ for sixty days and 488½@489¼ for demand. Commercial bills 486¾@487½. Government bonds were firm; United States coupon fours 107; United States twos 95 bid. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 95 bid; North Carolina sixes 115 bid. Railroad bonds steadier.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was firm.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 21—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling gulf 7⅜c; middling uplands 7⅛c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady; July 6 85, August 6 85, September 6 30, October 6 29, November 6 28, December 6 25, January 6 29, February 6 33, March 6 37. Sales 138,200 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 440 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,782 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 195 bales; sales 505 bales; sales to spinners 808 bales; stock (actual) 92,418 bales.

Total to day—Net receipts 2,523 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,869 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 4,100 bales; stock 189,987 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 4,330 bales; exports to Great Britain 12,625 bales; to France 29 bales; to the Continent 5,593 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 1,159,694 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,214,700 bales; exports to France 462,639 bales; exports to the Continent 1,759,091 bales.

Flour was weak, dull and unchanged; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $3 00@2 60; good to choice $3 60@2 90. Wheat—spot quiet and firmer; options dull and firm at ⅜c advance; No. 2 red July 63¼c; August 63⅜c; September 62⅝c; October —c; December —c. Corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 33⅜c at elevator and 33⅜c afloat; options were dull and closed firm at ⅛@¼c advance; July 32⅝c; September 33⅝c; October 33½c; May —c. Oats—spot quiet and steady; options dull and firm; July 21⅞c; August —c; September 21⅝c; spot—No. 2 22c; No. 2 white 23½c; mixed Western 22@23¾c. Hay was quoted quiet and steady; shipping 62½@65; good to choice 87½c @1 00. Wool quiet and firm; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@23c; Texas —c. Beef dull but steady; family $8 00@9 00; extra mess $6 00@7 00 at $14 50@15 00; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $11 00@12 00. Cut meats firm and quiet; pickled bellies 5c; do shoulders 3¾@4c; do hams 9@10c. Lard dull and weaker; Western steam $3 67½; city $3 10; September $3 73½; refined lower; Continent $4 00; South America $4 50, compound $7 87½@4 12½. Pork quiet, steady; old mess $7 75@8 25; new mess $8 50@8 75. Butter steady; demand fair; State dairy 11@14½c; do. creamery 11¾@15c; Western dairy 9@13c; do creamery —c; Elgin 15c. Eggs—demand fair and steady; State and Pennsylvania 13¾@14c; Western fresh 11@13; do. per case $1 25@3 00. Cotton seed oil dull and steady; crude 20c, yellow prime 24¾c; do. off grade 23¾@24c. Molasses quiet and steady; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 27@37c. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4@4½c. Coffee steady and quiet; July $11 80@11 85, August —; September $10 35; November $9 65; February $9 45; May $9 40; spot Rio dull and easier; No. 7, $13 75. Sugar—raw dull and nominal; fair refining 2⅞; centrifugal, 96 test —c; refined qu et and unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Cash quotations: Flour dull; prices unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 55¾@56c; No. 2 red 58¼c. Corn—No. 2, 26½@27c. Oats—No 2, new quoted at 18¼c. Mess pork, per bbl, $5 62½@5 75. Lard, per 100 lbs, $3 30@3 32½. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, $3 25@3 30. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, $3 75@4 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs $3 57½@3 75. Whiskey $1

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is Castoria

Castoria is a Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C. A. S. T. O. R. I. A.

CASTORIA

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

IF YOU RIDE A BICYCLE YOU MUST USE POND'S EXTRACT

CURES Wounds, Bruises, Sunburn, Sprains.

RELIEVES Lameness, Strains, Soreness, Fatigue.

Always rub with it after EXERCISING, so AVOID LAMENESS and be in good condition for the next day's work.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES —Weak, Watery, Worthless.

POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT Cures PILES. Sent by mail for 50c.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., New York.

aug 25 1y su we fr

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company
Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

For Rent,

COTTAGES on CAROLINA BEACH. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

my 19 tf

The Morning Star.

THE SENTENCE.

A saucy tease is Metabel,
A roguish, laughing, chaffing tease,
But what she says I shall not tell,
And what she does you may as well
Be sure is seldom done to please.

Yet when I threaten Metabel
With penalties severe and high
Her sunny smiles my frowns dispel,
Her wheedling ways my anger quell;
She seems the judge, the culprit I.

No mercy showeth Metabel,
Yet sweet the fate her word imparts.
Last night she sentenced me to dwell
A captive in the deepest cell
Forever of her heart of hearts.
—New York Sun.

NICKEL STEEL.

Its Extended Use Will Prove a Source of Profit to Canada.

"When nickel steel comes into general use for the construction of vessels, as it undoubtedly will," said a Canadian gentleman at the Great Northern the other day, "Canada will, in a sense, control the shipbuilding industry, because, so far as is at present known, there is very little nickel outside of the Dominion, while we have nickel bearing pyrites practically without limit. That whole vast stretch of territory reaching from Lake Superior to Labrador is rich in it and will produce hundreds of thousands of tons of it annually for an unlimited period whenever the demand requires it.

"How will this control the shipbuilding industry? Why, in this way: It has been demonstrated by conclusive tests at your proving grounds at Sandy Hook and elsewhere that steel mixed with, say, 5 per cent of nickel is double the strength of ordinary steel. In the construction of men-of-war the advantage is obvious, and in building merchant vessels the benefit to be derived from the use of nickel steel is equally plain, as it will enable them to be built much lighter than they are now, which means less coal and less engine power with an equal amount of security and equal amount of speed. It will only be a few years when a wooden vessel in the port of Chicago will be something of a novelty and the new vessels will before very long, for the reasons indicated, be made of nickel steel, and this will be the only metal in demand for the purpose at your great shipbuilding yards in Cleveland, Detroit, South Chicago and other points.

"Another advantage which steel having nickel in its composition possesses over ordinary steel is that it will not corrode and that barnacles cannot get a foothold on it, so that nickel steel ships' bottom will never require to be scraped."
—Chicago Times-Herald.

A CONJURER'S TALE OF WOE.

Confederate Produced a Handful of Change Instead of a Marked Dollar.

Carl Hertz, the illusionist, was talking of some of the accidents that sometimes spoil the art of the conjuror.

"It was in Nashville," he said, "that I experienced a real knock down blow. I was performing the well known trick of passing a marked coin into the center of an uncut orange; at least that's what a good many people thought I was doing. I used a silver dollar, and emphasized the trick by passing the coin into the pocket of some boy whom I had enticed on to the stage.

"I will openly confess that the boy had to be a confederate, and that the marked dollar had its fellow in one previously prepared by me. One night, as I was entering the theater, I looked around for a likely youth to aid me in my double dealing. I picked a boy and promised to pass him in if he would follow my instructions.

"'I am a conjurer,' I said. 'I want you to put this dollar in your right hand trousers pocket. I'll get you a seat in the front row. When I ask for somebody to come on the stage, you must come. Then I will ask you to produce the dollar.'

"The boy promised everything, and, after making arrangements for him at the door, I left him. When I was ready for the dollar trick, I saw my young confederate sitting open mouthed in the front row. I had prevailed upon another member of the audience to lend me a dollar marked exactly as was that I had given to the boy.

"I passed that borrowed dollar into the orange, cut the fruit open, and out dropped the coin. Then I went on:

"'And now, ladies and gentlemen, I will perform a still more difficult feat. I have passed that dollar into an orange. Now I will ask some member of the audience to step on the stage, and, without going anywhere near him, I will pass the same dollar, marked, as you have seen, into his right hand trousers pocket.'

"True to his bargain, the boy stepped to the stage. I stepped opposite him and asked:

"'Now, sir, have you ever seen me before?'

"'No, sir,' was the answer.

"'I have here a dollar,' I continued. 'I am going to pass it into your right hand trousers pocket. One—two—three—go!'

"I made the proper magician's pass and smiled confidently upon my audience.

"'Now,' I said to my assistant, 'put your hand into your right hand trousers pocket and give me the dollar.'

"The boy looked a bit sheepish, but he dived his fist down. Then, to my unutterable horror, he produced a handful of silver and said:

"'I've only got 90 cents of it left, sir.'

"I went out in a hurry and took a drink."—New York Times.

A MAN FOR AN EMERGENCY.

Surprising Experience In a Car of a Boy Who Was Headstrong.

A poorly dressed woman with a boy about 9 years old boarded one of the Union Trolley company's cars in White Plains avenue recently. There was no vacant seat, and she grabbed a strap in front of a young man and prepared to hang on. The young man got up and tipped his hat to her. Quick as a flash the boy dropped her hand and leaped into the seat on his knees, taking care to wipe his muddy feet on the clothing of the passengers on either side. The young man looked first at the woman, for whom he intended the seat, and then at the boy. The woman shook her head and said:

"Poor boy! I guess he's tired. He can have it, sir."

The young man looked from one to the other again. He shifted about uneasily for a moment. The other passengers in the car giggled. That decided him. Holding to a strap with one hand, he reached for the boy with the other and got him by the nape of the neck. He lifted him clear of the seat and held him dangling and kicking in the air. The woman was about to protest. Then she thought better of it and sat down in the vacant seat.

"Madam," said the young man, throwing the boy at her, "here is your boy."

"Thank you, sir," she said. "He is a bit headstrong, it's true, sir."

The boy looked astonished. He whimpered a little. The woman patted him on the head, and there wasn't a peep heard from him from that time until the Harlem bridge was reached and the crowd got out.—New York Sun.

With a population of 3,725,000 Scotland has 6,500 university students, while with a population about six times as great England has only 6,000 university students.

NEW WOMAN IN LITERATURE.

Jeannette Gilder Gives Her Ideas Concerning the Talked of Creature.

The new woman of the novelist is merely one of Dr. Max Nordau's degenerates. She is the creation of a writer who is hysterical and degenerate, and the world takes her as something that really exists. To be sure, there are plenty of women with "pasts" and with "yearnings," and there always have been and probably always will be, but I doubt if any woman outside of an insane asylum talks the rubbish about spiritual impacts, tells that "we are tones of one chord," and about the "vile slavery" of marriage, as do the women of Miss Pendered and Mr. Grant Allen. Writers of this sort do not represent the women of the day any more than the painted women of the streets represent the women of good society.

The jaundiced writers of "The Yellow Book" cannot be expected to give us pictures of healthy lives. Their tastes run to worm eaten fruit. They have no liking for that which is red with the hue of health. They prefer the yellow hue of decay. Dr. Nordau is quite right when he calls it disease. The heroines of "The Yellow Book," of "Discords" and of "Wreckage" might have been taken from Lombroso's study of the female offender. If they exist outside of their creator's brains, their cases will be found recorded in scientific studies of criminology or in the ordinary police reports.

The new woman as I find her outside of the pages of fiction is an industrious, healthy minded, healthy bodied young person, with a certain amount of independence, who cares more for out of door sports than for indoor follies, and who if she has work to do does it and does not waste her time in telling about it. Her spirits run high over the adventures of "A Gentleman of France," she laughs and cries by turns over "Trilby" and thinks "The Dolly Dialogues" great fun, but for "Yellow Discords" and the like she has no use.

I am happy to say that little of the hysterical literature of the day originates in this country. It is almost entirely of English origin. Some of our younger writers have tried their hands at it, but they do not take to it naturally, and it is fast going out of fashion.

There always will be a handful of people who like erotica, but I think there has been a turn in the tide which even at its highest never swamped the writers of purer fiction. Rudyard Kipling and Mrs. Humphry Ward have many more readers than Grant Allen and Mary L. Pendered, and in this country our writers of clean fiction are the most popular.—Jeannette Gilder.

THE JESUIT FATHER IN CHINA.

A Fearfully Narrow, Barren Life and Its Mental Effects.

Up summer and winter before sunrise, he reads the matins and his day's work is often done, says Blackwood's Magazine. Sometimes he reads the angelus and vespers; usually they are undertaken by the native catechist. Perhaps in the course of the long morning Ah San or Ah Si will present himself and pour forth complaint about a buffalo and a trampled padi field; or he may be called to adjudicate in what should be an action for a divorce. Sometimes of a morning he sallies forth, his yellow pigtail coiled around his head and an enormous satchel slung across his back, with a store of iron shot and wadding for his rickety muzzle loader, and if he is lucky will bring back a pigeon or two, or even a pheasant, to supplement the inevitable pork or fowl and rice.

The mail comes in once a fortnight and a day slips by unnoticed, thanks to home letters and a dozen numbers of La Croix, where, squeezed between the latest miracle and the life of some worthy saint, the doings of the outer world may be found recorded in a ten line notice on "a l' Etranger."

Sometimes an afternoon is whiled away in curing the rank tobacco of the place or in brewing rice wine or malt beer—because ten years of solitude have taught him to do things for himself—and when he has no such pastime on hand, he gets through the day absorbed as one hopes in his little mediæval library of religious books—lives of the saints and sermons and essays.

Then is it wonderful that even a mind as broad and gentle as his should in constant journeyings on the one road have worn a rut for itself, deep sunk and gloomy as the traffic channeled paths of the loess land in the north, till, when a rare glimpse of the outside world does break upon his view, his dazzled eyes can see nothing but trees walking, schismatics and Freemasons, Jews and atheists, spiritualism and table turning, with the fiend himself in a fiery cloud over all?

CHAMP CLARK'S STORY.

How It Impressed a Youngster Who Heard It In a Speech.

In the Garfield-Hancock campaign there was a big Democratic meeting at a certain place in St. Charles county, in this state. A number of distinguished Democratic speakers were there, and we had a day of it. The writer was then a small child, but one of the speakers made a very profound impression upon his mind. The speaker was no other than Champ Clark.

No one asks now, "Who was Champ Clark?" but then he was a new star in the firmament.

We had a number of speeches, and the children were very tired. I can't speak for the grown people, because the good Democrats there would not have owned to being tired, I know, after such a display of eloquence from their great party leaders. At any rate I was tired, but my mother whispered:

"There is only one more speech," and I was much relieved. A blond young man was introduced as Champ Clark of Pike county. He came forward with a pleasant face and manner that at once attracted my attention. He began in this way:

"I am reminded of the boy who killed a possum and expected to enjoy a possum dinner the next day. The family was about to sit down to the dinner table when a wagon drove up and a neighbor's family came in. The head of the house announced that the visitors had come to dinner. There was no room at the table for our young friend, the sportman, and he waited, with his eyes anxiously fixed on the dish of possum. The guests had good appetites. Finally there was only one piece of possum left, and one of his own family took that. Then the possum lover busted right out a-crying. The disappointment was too much for him.

"My friends," continued Mr. Clark, "I am in that same condition. When I heard the first speech, I thought, well—that is pretty bad, but still I have something left to say. Then there came the next speech, and the next, and when the last speaker finished I just busted right out a-crying, because there was not another thing left for me to say."

But there was, and he said it too. He awakened that audience till you could hear its applause a mile away.

I think that that was probably the first time Champ Clark ever spoke in St. Charles county. He carried back home with him the thanks and appreciation of a good many of his hearers that day.—St. Louis Republic.

Consoling.

"I shall be so happy when you confide all your troubles to me."

"I have no troubles."

"You'll have them when we are married."—New York Times.

It's a Waste of Energy

trying to drive a spike with a tack hammer, undertaking to do housecleaning with soap.

The modern cleaner, Gold Dust, hits the nail on the head and drives it home—settles your housecleaning difficulties, injures nothing, cleans everything, saves you.

GOLD DUST Washing Powder.

Sold everywhere in large packages, 25c. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

Bowden Lithia Water

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, ex President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water extensively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

W. A. Wakely, M. D, Auburn, N. Y., says: "Have obtained quick and satisfactory results in Chronic Rheumatism and Bright's Disease."

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Posta Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal. For Sale in Any Quantity By

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRINGS CO., 174 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

mar 8 D&W 1y

WE NOW HAVE THE AGENCY For the above Celebrated "PURITAN," "Blue Flame," OIL COOKING STOVES.

Assortment of sizes received this day. Without doubt these are the finest goods of the kind now on the market. Our Buck Stoves are still leading all others. We can state without fear of contradiction there is nothing on the market that can compare with them.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., "PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. jy 10 tf

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo," it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured By Baco-Curo and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 28, 1895.
Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from genera debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No To Bac," "the Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Curo" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition.

Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBURY, Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per box; three boxes (thirty days' treatment), $2.50, with iron-clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co. La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

apr 14 3m ex su

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

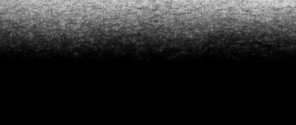
Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Manhood Restored.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL. ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.

Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money.



For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness; $1 a box; six for $5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail.

Rr R. BELLAMY & Co., Druggists, Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

my9 D&W 1y

Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Highest of High Grades.

Experienced Riders.

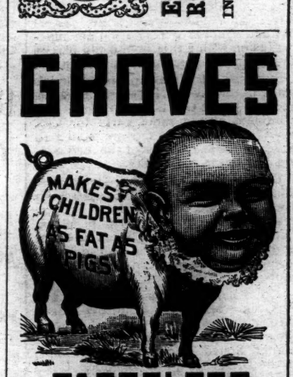
Waverley Bicycles

Select the Waverley because they have learned to know the difference between high grade and low grade. We are not like those that is simply claimed to be. Some others may be good but we are sure of the high grade. Scorcher (8 height) $85.00. Belle 28 inch $75.00 and $85.00.

MADE BY INDIANA BICYCLE CO., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Thomas H. Wright, Agent.

GROVES



TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ADNEY, CARR & CO.

For sale—Wholesale and Retail, and guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy. Retail by J. H. Hardin and all other Druggists, Wilmington, N. C.

ap 30 D & W 6m

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price, At the STAR Office.

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and excellent for Placing Under Carpets

BIG G CURES In 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. $1.00

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

dec 27 1y

Wanted,

EVERYBODY TO CALL AND TRY THE best Whiskey, Wine and Beer in the city. Mixed drinks a specialty. Fine Cigars, &c. French Cafe

A. P. LEVY, Manager, 117 Princess street.

my 2 tf

SUMMER RESORTS.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son, Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

je 11 tf

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

THIS FAMOUS RESORT IS AT ALL TIMES open for the reception of guests.

The Mineral Springs,

Ten in number and all of different analyses, and are unsurpassed for medicinal virtues. No watering place on the Atlantic coast

Offers Superior Advantages

to those seeking rest and health. The large number of persons who have been

RESTORED TO HEALTH

attest the virtues of the Mineral Water at this famous resort

For particulars address

HOTEL TOWNSEND, Red Springs, N. C.

my 22 tf

SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS, VA.

Alleghany County, Va.

THESE CHARMING SPRINGS are situated in a lovely valley, ensconced in the

BACKBONE OF THE ALLEGHANIES, at an elevation of 3,000 feet, in the midst of the "Springs Region" of Virginia, and only nine miles from Alleghany Station—the highest point on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Beef and mutton supplied from the finest blue grass sod. Vegetables in abundance, grown in the garden of this noted property. RATES MODERATE.

For further particulars, write

B. F. EAKLE, JR., Manager.

je 16 tf

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.,

OPEN JUNE 1, 1896. ELEVATION 2,000 feet. No fogs or mosquitoes. Accommodations for over 1,000 guests. Rates reduced 50 per cent. Extensive improvements made this year will add greatly to the pleasure and comfort of visitors. Send for handsomely illustrated catalogue.

JAMES A. FRAZIER, Managing Receiver.

my 29 tf

HOTEL BEDFORD,

BEDFORD CITY, Va., at the famous Peaks of Otter; summer, health and pleasure resort; most beautiful and pleasant place in the mountains of Virginia; MAGNIFICENT AND ELEGANTLY EQUIPPED HOTEL; lowest rates this year ever offered; write for booklet. Address HOTEL BEDFORD, Bedford City, Va.

je 17 tf

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts.

This College offers thorough courses in Agriculture, Mechanical, Civil and Electrical Engineering, and in Science. General academic studies supplement all these technical courses.

EXPENSES PER SESSION, INCLUDING BOARD:
For County Students, - - - $ 91 00
For All Other Students, - - - 121 00

Apply for Catalogues to ALEXANDER Q. HOLLADAY, President.

RALEIGH, N. C.
jy 10 tf

State Normal and Industrial School.

DEPARTMENTS WELL EQUIPPED. 27 teachers. 446 regular students, besides practice school of 97 pupils. 930 matriculates since its opening in 1892. 93 of the 96 counties represented. Competitive examination at county seat August 1st, to fill free-tuition vacancies in dormitories. Application should be made before July 20th to enter the examination. No free tuition except to applicants signing a pledge to become teachers. Annual expenses of free-tuition students boarding in dormitories, $90; tuition-paying students, $130. Address President CHARLES D. McIVER, Greensboro, N. C.

jy 17 5t

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, LEXINGTON, VA.

58th Year. State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough Courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course. Grad. V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in Post Grad. courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of $36 50 per month as an average for the four years, exclusive of outfit.

GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

je 2 19t th sa

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 30	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	4 12	Kinston	10 39	.....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City	8 01	8 17
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 p m, and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

JUST IN

A car load heavy feed Oats, in lots to suit.

Wheat, Bran, Peas, Corn, Hay &c.

We carry a heavy stock of

Snuffs and Tobaccos,

and offer all the discounts and advantages allowed by the manufacturers. Get our prices before placing orders for

GROCERIES, BAGGING AND TIES.

HALL & PEARSALL, Nutt and Mulberry streets.

jy 14 DAW tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

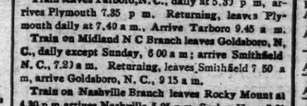
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND DAILY		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND DAILY	
*3	†2		†7	53
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
	2 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	3 25
7 00		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv		12 05
11 00	3 38	Lv	Ar	10 25
11 55	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 00	9 18
12 10	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 33	8 10
1 30	5 3	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 30	8 10
	P M		A M	

Nos. 3 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 3 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager.
my 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 20, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.23 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 p m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.30 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 3.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 3.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 6.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.05 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.08 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.18 p m, †Norfolk 3.00 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m,, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 6.08 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 30 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.55 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 53 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.33 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.20 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.32 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8 30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 11 30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.24 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 53 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.50 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.55 p m, leave Conway 3 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 5 40 a m and 9 40 a m, arrive Darlington 9 20 and 9 50 a m, leave Darlington 9 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11 55 a m Wadesboro 1 30 p m, Returning leave Wadesboro 3 p m, Cheraw 3 40 p m, Darlington 7.48 a m and 6 05 p m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m and 6 50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floys 7 30 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9.35 a m, arrive Floys 9 50 a m.

Trains leave Gibson 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Sumter 9 30 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 3 30 p m, Darlington 5 15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 09 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 19 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.36 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 5.08 p m, Dunn 5.50 p m, Fayetteville 6.36 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.50 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.37 p m, Selma 13.34 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.33 a m, Creston 5.21 a m, arrive Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5.16 p m, Sumter 6.05 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 p m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lecknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lecknow 6 05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.35 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 22

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Condition of the Gold Reserve—Democrats Preparing for Ratification of Bryan's Nomination.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at $89,608,805. To-day's withdrawals were $164,100.

There was no information for publication at the Treasury of the contemplated action of the New York banks in coming to the relief of the Treasury. Acting Secretary Curtis said he had no "official" information to give out. The Treasury has about $87,000,000 in United States notes and about $35,000,000 in Sherman notes and could readily exchange $20,000,000 of these for gold. Both classes of notes are redeemable in gold on presentation, so that if New York banks exchange gold for them, and later on they desire gold, all that is required is to present them to the Treasury for redemption and they will get gold for them.

The local Democrats here, with the co-operation of Democrats in the Executive Departments, have united in an effort to induce Mr. Bryan to visit Washington when he comes East to receive the official notice of his nomination. Preparations are being made for a ratification of his nomination, which will be an immense affair in case Mr. Bryan is present, organizations from Maryland and Virginia having indicated their intention to be present.

NEW YORK BANKS

Have Pledged Eighteen Million Dollars to Maintain the Treasury Gold Reserve.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 21.—President Frederick D. Tappen, of the Gallatin National Bank, said this afternoon: "The gold to be contributed to the Treasury has been collected entirely among banks which belong to the New York Clearing House. About $18,000,000 has been pledged up to the present. It is hoped to increase the amount to $20,000,000. Some of the trust companies which have gold may be asked to contribute. I telegraphed to-day to a prominent bank officer in Boston, asking him to collect gold there for the Treasury. He replied by telephone that he would communicate with the banks in the Boston Clearing House in the matter. "I have not met with a declination from a single bank that I selected as a contributor. There has been the heartiest co-operation by the banks. The list will not be completed before Thursday, and no gold will be delivered to the sub-Treasury before that day. There is no way of preventing gold exports so long as it is cheaper for the Berlin bankers to obtain gold in New York than in London or elsewhere. The situation may change so that it will be cheaper to get gold in London."

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Higher—Corn Active but Unchanged in Price—Oats Higher—Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 21.—September wheat opened from 56⅝ to 56⅜@56½c, sold between 57⅛ to 57½c. and closed 56⅝ to 56⅜c.—½c. higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was strong, with a good demand and ⅛ to ¾c. higher and 1½c. over September.

September corn opened at 26½c, sold between 26¾c and 26⅛@26½c, closing at 26¾@26⅜c, yesterday's figures. Cash corn was easy and ¼c lower.

September oats closed ⅛c lower than yesterday. The cash market was stronger and ¼c higher, with a good demand for old grain.

Provisions—There was almost a panicky feeling with provisions, with all sorts of product at a low price on the general decline. At one time pork showed a decline of 25c per barrel, which is almost the lowest price ever touched for this product—6,03¾ last July. Ribs and lard followed suit in the record play, and declined to nearly the lowest figure ever made. September pork closed 15c lower, September lard 7½c, and September ribs 5@7½c lower

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The First New Sale from Texas—New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced three to nine points, closing barely steady, with sales of 138,200 bales.

To-day's features: The rally in the Stock market early in the day caused a higher opening in cotton. But later on stocks reacted. Liverpool was lower and less active, stop orders were reached and some of those who bought early in the day sold later on. So prices lost the improvement. At the decline shorts covered freely, while Liverpool sent buying orders and the lost ground was recovered, the closing prices being about the best of the day. New Orleans was higher and the spot markets in this country were firm. Yazoo City, Miss., reported extensive shedding of the plant. At Waco, Texas the first new bale of cotton was received.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Huckleberries, Maryland and Delaware, quart 4 to 7c; pears, Florida, barrel, $1.50 to $1.75; watermelons, car-loads, $100 to 200; do hundred, $8 00 to 20 00; muskmelons, basket, $1.00; do barrel, 40c to $2 00; peaches, Georgia, carrier, 75c to $2.00; do Maryland and Delaware, crate, 50 to 75c; do basket, 40 to 50c; do South Carolina, carrier, 75c to $2.00; grapes, case, $1.25 to 2 00; do basket, 15 to 20c; apples, crate, 40 to 65c; cucumbers, barrel, 75c to $1.25; do basket, 60 to 75c; onions, Eastern Shore, basket, 50 to 60; do barrel, $1 00 to 1.25; squash, barrel, 25 to 40c; tomatoes, carrier, 30 to 75c; potatoes, 50 to 90c; do sweets, $1.00 to 1.50.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 24½@25c. Rosin steady and quiet; strained common to good $1 60@1 62½.

CHARLESTON, July 21.—Spirits turpentine firm at 22½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: B, C, $1 30, D, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 50, K $1 55, M $1 60, N $1 65, W G $1 75, W W $1 85.

SAVANNAH, July 21.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 22¾c; sales of 293 casks; receipts 9,354 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales slow; receipts 5,978 barrels.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

BRYAN AND SEWALL.

THE NATIONAL SILVER CONVENTION AT ST. LOUIS.

Committee Appointed to Draft an Address Calling Upon All Silver Men to Support the Democratic Nominees for President and Vice President.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The National Committee of the National Silver party met this morning at the Lindell Hotel, but after a brief session a recess was taken until 1 o'clock, when a secret session was held at Dr. Mott's room at the same hotel.

The roll call disclosed the presence of the following delegates: Colorado, I. N. Stevens; Connecticut, Jos. Sheldon; California, Geo. W. Baker; Iowa, Amos Steckels; Illinois, Geo. M. Emrick; Kansas, A. C. Shinn; Maryland, C. R. Dabv, by Geo. P. Keeney, proxy; Michigan, E. E Jarvis; Montana, W. H. Swett; Nebraska, G. L. Laws, by S. A. Allen, proxy; New Jersey, C. F. Slater; North Carolina, B. F. Keith; Ohio, Henry T. Niles; Tennessee, J. H. Acklen; Virginia, A. J. Wedderburn; Vermont, Jos. Battell; District of Columbia, C. J. Hillyer; Wisconsin, Reuben Lee; North Dakota, Wm. H. Standish; Missouri, W. T. Footer; Oregon, E. P. Hammond, by J. C. Cooper, proxy; New York, Alexander Delmar.

One of the features of the afternoon session of the National Committee of the Silver party was a speech made by Mr. Battell, the member from Vermont. Mr. Battell created considerable enthusiasm when he asserted that the farmers of Vermont were in open revolt against existing conditions. The majority, he said, cannot be induced to go into the Democratic party, but he predicted that many of the number would support Bryan and Sewall because of their belief in silver. He asserted that the Republican State Committee was astounded at the attitude assumed by the Republican farmers and that they were uncertain what course to pursue.

Mr. Foster, of Oregon, speaking to the proposition that it was very essential that the Silver party should continue their organization as an independent political body, with which Republicans and Democrats could both consistently unite in their support of free silver, asserted that Bryan and Sewall would carry Oregon by a majority of at least 10,000.

Mr. Geo. W. Thompson, of the State of Washington, was elected to a place on the committee and following this came the appointment of a special committee consisting of Senator Jones, of Nevada, and Messrs. Stevens, of Colorado, Baker, of California, Thompson, of Washington, and Devine, of Nebraska, to draft an address to the public, calling upon all friends of silver to support Bryan and Sewall.

RAILROAD RATE WAR.

Baltimore Steamship Lines Meet the Cut on Freight and Passenger Traffic—Special Meeting of the Freight and Traffic Association at Atlanta To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, July 21.—The Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company, which operates lines of steamships between this port, Savannah, Boston and Providence, all of which call at Norfolk and Old Point, Va., meet the cut of 33⅓ per cent. on freight and passenger traffic by the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway Company, and officials of the company assert that they will meet any reduction in rates by their competitors.

As an inducement to travellers to patronize their line, the Old Bay Line (Seaboard's connection) announces that free berths will be given holders of tickets to and from Richmond. The Southern's new line to Richmond was inaugurated last week. Nothing has yet been said about meals, but it is probable that $1 00 will buy transportation, a state room and a meal on either line before many days.

The Southern States Freight and Traffic Association will hold a special meeting in Atlanta to-morrow to consider the rate war and devise a plan for concerted action on the present twenty-five rail and water lines, members of the organization.

ATLANTA, GA., July 21.—Two policies are advocated by the traffic officials who are here to attend the meeting of the Executive Board of the Southern States Freight Association to-morrow. One set favors meeting the Seaboard Air Line's cut and making it apply to New York and all Eastern points. There are others who are opposed to meeting the reduced rates, and these urge a maintenance of rates, so as to keep a high wall on either side of the Seaboard all along its territory. The latter course, it is said, would soon break up their association by the withdrawal of western lines.

The State Railroad Commission of Georgia to-day notified the Seaboard that it had under consideration the question of reducing the company's local rates to correspond with the through rates. This movement would play right into the hands of the association lines, but it would be so unpopular with the public that it will hardly be adopted.

No one can say what the association will do to morrow. The situation is a grave one for all the roads. The Seaboard is in the war to win.

FIGHTING POPULISTS.

Contesting Delegations from Illinois Have a Scrap at St. Louis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The contesting delegations from Illinois got mixed up in the hallway outside the room in which the National Committee were hearing their respective claims this evening and blows were exchanged. The committee met at 9 p. m. and had been in session only a few minutes when the contestants, headed by Burns and Hogan, made some remarks about the Dr. Taylor faction, which Taylor resented. The lie was passed and in a second the two factions were mixed up on the floor. Dr. Taylor was thrown down twice. He used his fists to good advantage and landed several blows on the faces of his opponents. The men were pulled apart, but got together a second time. Dr. Taylor was thrown down and several men piled on top of him. There were threats of resorting to firearms, when the police arrived and restored order.

Meanwhile the National Committee heard the claims of the contesting delegates, and by a vote of 30 to 26 threw out the Burns-Hogan faction and seated the delegation headed by Dr. Taylor. This was a victory for Chairman Taubeneck, at whose suggestion the case was reopened.

After the result was announced and the two delegations left the room, there were several epithets passed, but the police prevented personal conflicts. The Burns-Hogan people say they will go before the Committee on Credentials and will carry the fight to the floor of the convention.

The New York dry goods market while dull, is also steady. Collections are generally satisfactory.

INSIST UPON HOOD'S Sarsaparilla when you need a medicine to purify your blood, strengthen your nerves and give you an appetite. There can be no substitute for Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

POPULIST CONVENTION.

IT WILL BE A PICTURESQUE AND INTERESTING GATHERING.

Marion Butler Selected for Temporary Chairman—He is Claimed by Each Faction—Not Committed to Either—The North Carolina Delegation Favor Nominating Goodwyn, of Alabama, for Vice President—Bryan, Democratic Presidential Nominee, Will Probably be Endorsed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The National Committee of the People's party met at 10.30 this morning to perfect the temporary organization of the convention. Chairman Taubeneck presided and about fifty members were present. This committee is organized upon a radically different basis from that of the old parties. Each State and Territory is entitled to three members and out of the entire membership of 153 a central executive committee of nine is chosen to manage the campaigns. The committee comprises two female members—Mrs. Anna L. Diggs, of the District of Columbia, who was present to-day, and Mrs. A. O. Haskins, from Arizona. There are no persons in official life on the committee except Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, who carries a proxy.

There were but two contests of importance—those from Colorado and Illinois. The former involved the entire State delegations; the latter, the 27 delegates from Cook county (Chicago). The Colorado contestants were headed by ex-Governor Waite, but he having declared in favor of Bryan's nomination, his colleagues deposed him for another leader.

On the matter of temporary chairman, the two candidates mentioned are Gen. Jas. B. Weaver, of Iowa, who represented the Bryan and Sewall element, and Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, who was opposed to the endorsement of the Democratic ticket.

After the matter of membership of the committee itself had been determined the committee proceeded to consider applications by a number of the States for increased representation in the convention. The basis upon which this is made by the National Committee in its call is one delegate for each member of Congress from the State and additional delegate for each 2 000 votes cast at the preceding general election. In making the table of delegates for this convention, the National Committee was compelled to act upon data contained in the various political almanacs and in the case of a number of States, this information proved to be inaccurate.

The committeemen from each Southern State demonstrated by certified copies of the tabulation of votes in his State that the Populists were entitled to an increase in the number of delegates of from one to five, the latter being allowed the State of Texas. The several Territories were allowed six delegates instead of four, making their representation equal to that in the Democratic and Republican Conventions. Oklahoma was given the same right of representation as the States; that is, one delegate for its delegate in Congress and one for each 2,000 votes, which made its total representation nine.

A recess was then taken.

The committee voted to proceed to the selection of temporary chairman and temporary secretary. The expectation that this would afford a test of the Bryan and anti-Bryan strength in the convention was not realized, for the name of Gen. James B. Weaver, of Iowa, who had been spoken of as the Bryan candidate for the place, was not mentioned.

Mr. Guthrie, of North Carolina, the probable Populist candidate for Governor of that State, presented the name of Senator Butler, of North Carolina, claiming that the mantle of Leonidas Polk had fallen upon him, and the honor sought was due to North Carolina because she had been the first to break the solid South.

Mr. Branch, of Georgia, named the Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, and a delegate from Kansas presented the name of Gen. Field, of Virginia.

Senator Butler's nomination was seconded by Cyclone Davis, of Texas, by a delegate from Alabama, and by Mr. F. G. Brown, of Massachusetts, and he was selected temporary chairman by acclamation.

For temporary secretary the names of W. D. Vincent, of Kansas, editor of *Sound Money*, and John W. Hayes, secretary of the Executive Committee, Knights of Labor, were suggested and accepted.

S. D. Walton, of Georgia, the only colored member of the committee, presented for use at the convention a gavel composed of seventeen different kinds of wood. Sixteen of these were from the South and West and one from the East.

The Illinois contest, which it was supposed had been settled so far as the National Committee was concerned, was reopened at the suggestion of Chairman Taubeneck. After some vigorous talking, it was resolved to reconsider the vote by which the two delegations were seated, each member having half a vote, and the contest was set for a further hearing.

A large number of the Populists are demanding recognition of "some substantial character" from the Bryan people. No clear way to comply with their request has yet been suggested, but this does not alter the course of its promoters.

The North Corolina Populists met to-day and completed their organization. The delegation favor nominating Goodwyn, the present candidate for Governor of Alabama, for Vice President. No vote on the Presidency question has yet been taken by them.

There has been all day strong talk of nominating a Southern Populist for the second place on the ticket, even if Bryan should secure sufficient strength to be indorsed for first place. But shrewd manipulators who are managing matters say that "the tail grows with the hide," and that if they carry Bryan through (of which they have no doubt) Sewall will follow.

The "middle of the road" men on the other hand are claiming to have carried everything before them. They held a meeting to-night and counted twenty States as with them, in a determination not to endorse the Chicago ticket; but their opponents assert that they counted all the recalcitrant Bryan men as representing States, whereas the full delegation, if polled, would have been adverse to them.

Both sides seem at a loss to estimate the significance of the selection of Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, by the National Committee as the temporary chairman of the convention. He has been claimed by each faction and appears not to have committed himself irrevocably to either. This may, perhaps, explain his unanimous selection as the temporary presiding officer of the convention. That it will be a picturesque and curiously interesting gathering is already assured. Among those to be present are Gen. Weaver, of Iowa, and Mr. Streater, of Illinois, both former candidates for the Presidency on the Populist ticket, and Gen. Fields, of Virginia, candidate four years ago for the Vice Presidency; Eugene V. Debs, and Lieut. Burns, who shared his imprisonment; Mrs. Helen Gougar, Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease, "General" Jacob S. Coxey and Carl Brown.

These and other possibilities will intermix with the grizzled wheat farmer of the West, the cotton planter of the South, and the enthusiastic new converts from the East and Middle States, who will go to make up this convention.

ENDORSES THE NOMINEES.

Secretary of Interior Smith's Paper Will Give Earnest Support to Bryan and Sewall.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., July 21.—Secretary of Interior Smith's paper, the *Evening Journal*, to day announces that "after careful deliberation, while we cannot endorse all of the platform adopted at Chicago, we have determined to give an earnest support to the Democratic nominees."

Last Saturday the business manager and the managing editor of the paper were summoned by telegraph to Washington by Secretary Smith for a conference. The managing editor returned this morning, and the leading editorial of to-day breaks its silence of more than two weeks upon the action of the Chicago convention, during which time it has been generally placed among the bolting Democratic newspapers in the South.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4; New York, 0. Second game—Cincinnati, 4; New York 2.

St. Louis—To-day's Philadelphia game postponed; wet grounds. Two games will be played to-morrow.

Louisville—Louisville and Brooklyn were to play two games this afternoon but a down-pour of rain set in. Both games were called off. There will be two games to-morrow between the same clubs.

Cleveland—Cleveland, 2; Washington, 0. Second game—Cleveland, 7; Washington, 0.

Mobile—Mobile, 5; New Orleans, 3.

Columbus—Columbus, 6, Montgomery, 4.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 0; Baltimore, 6. Second game—Pittsburg, 4; Baltimore, 0.

Chicago—Chicago, 7, Boston, 3.

Petersburg—Petersburg, 7; Richmond 10.

Lynchburg—Lynchburg, 15; Roanoke, 10.

KENTUCKY CLOUD-BURST.

Ten Persons Drowned—L. & N. Railroad Bridge Washed Away.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, July 21.—Reports from Frankfort, Ky., state that a cloud-burst this morning at 4 o'clock, on Benson's creek, four miles from Frankfort, resulted in the drowning of at least ten people. The drowned are: James Bradley, a farmer, his wife and five children, and Mrs. Bryant, a widow, and two small children. Other bodies may also be found.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad bridge was swept away and great damage was done to property in the country. All railroad trains from Frankfort, Lexington and intermediate points are cut off from Louisville. The Chesapeake & Ohio train from Lexington found it impossible to go to Louisville over the Louisville and Southern, and after trying to come to Frankfort went back to Lexington to remain.

WARM WIRELETS.

A telegram from Charleston says the steamer Commodore is loaded down to the water's edge with arms, ammunition and medicines, and is expected to sail for Cuba in a day or two.

The Cunard Steamship Company have ordered the construction of three 5 000 tons steamships. The vessels are to be built at Belfast and adapted for the carrying of freight and the cheaper passenger traffic.

Gorman Swain killed his three youngest children near Attica, Mich., yesterday morning, set fire to the house and then shot himself. The children are: Frank, 11 years of age; Lucy, 9 years; Jimmie, 7 years.

Randolph Birton, who headed the Democratic electoral ticket as named by the Maryland State Convention, has withdrawn as Maryland's representative on that ticket and will support the Republican nominee.

Hon. George D. Wise, of Virginia, announces that he will not be a candidate for Congress this Fall. His reason for withdrawing is that he does not approve of several important declarations of the Chicago platform.

The fight announced to take place last night between the pugilists Siddons and Wilson, on the Virginia side of the Potomac river just opposite Washington, D. C., was not allowed to take place by the sheriff of Alexandria county.

The Reform Press Association, composed of editors of Populist and Free Silver papers, met in St. Louis yesterday and adopted a resolution denouncing fusion with either of the old parties and against the endorsement of Bryan.

Streator, of Illinois, the People's party candidate for President in 1888, and Mr. James G. Field, of Virginia, the candidate of the same party for Vice President four years ago, are stated to have come out in favor of the endorsement of Bryan and Sewall.

Robert L. Taylor, the Democratic nominee for Governor of Tennessee for the third time, opened the campaign yesterday, speaking to 5,000 people at London. He eulogized Bryan and endorsed every word of the Chicago platform. Many Republicans assured him support.

The American Tobacco Company and Bonsack Machine Company have thrown up the sponge by withdrawing the appeal against the decision of the United States Circuit Court favorable to the Briggs Cigarette Machine Company, of Winston, N. C. The case was to have been heard at Richmond, Va.

A New Race of Roses Perpetual.

The Gardeners' Chronicle calls attention to a new race of roses which has been introduced by some Paris growers. They belong to the Polyantha group—that is to say, they bear their flowers in trusses. The new roses have the advantage over the others of being "perpetual," and consequently they flower continuously all through the summer. This advantage they owe to their origin, a natural cross (croisement naturel), observed in the Lyons gardens, between the flowers of the first specimens of Polyantha introduced from Japan and some hybrid perpetual roses. By repeated and careful selections, a new race of roses has been produced which, like annuals, germinate, flower and produce seeds in less than a year. The term "dwarf" is justified by the height, which in adult plants is only about 20 inches. The flowers are single, semidouble or double, in almost equal proportion, and present almost all the variations of color observed in cultivated roses. Flowering commences in the first year, and even a few months after sowing. This precocity is one of the most remarkable and interesting features of this new type.—Westminster Gazette.

Proof.

"Is Mrs. Beverly so highly cultured?"

"Yes, she can look at a hole in a newspaper without wondering what was cut out."—Chicago Record.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Evarts' Paradox.

An amusing instance of an orator unable to resist a neat paradox was presented in a speech made at a banquet given when President Hayes and his cabinet were in Omaha. Evarts was delivering a most eloquent eulogy of the west and concluded one of his famous interminable sentences in these words: "I like the west. I like her self made men, and the more I travel west, the more I meet with her public men, the more I am satisfied of the truthfulness of the Bible statement that the wise-men-came-from-the-east!"—Exchange.

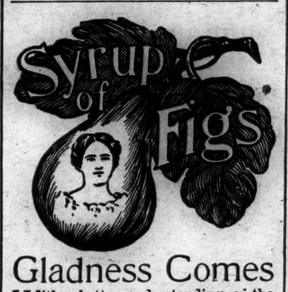
The Other Side.

First Vestryman—It must make a clergyman feel very unhappy to discover that he has outlived his usefulness in a parish.

Second Vestryman—Not so unhappy as it makes the people when he doesn't discover it.—New York Tribune.

Catch Your Hare.

The well known saying, "First catch your hare," is generally credited to "Mrs. Glass' Cook Book," written by Dr. John Hill in the eighteenth century. But in an early edition of the book the reading of the sentence is, "First case (that is, skin) your hare."



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

My wife Winnie C. Cromwell and three children, Richard, William and Annie, have left my bed and board without my consent. All persons are hereby warned not to harbor or credit either of them on my account. Wm. Cromwell, July 20th, 1896. jy 21 3t tu th ss

Wanted—Your property on my list, if it is for sale. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, 125 Princess street. ('Phone 256.) jy 13 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries, Watermelons and Cantaloups received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Hot Weather Photographs. That means you have to sit only one second for your Photographs during this hot weather. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. ju 28 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

1831 THE CULTIVATOR AND 1896

Country Gentleman.

THE BEST OF THE

AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES

DEVOTED TO

Farm Crops and Processes,

Horticulture & Fruit-Growing

Live Stock and Dairying,

While it also includes all minor departments of Rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and When to Sell*. It is liberally Illustrated, and contains more reading matter than ever before. The subscription Price is $2.50 per ear, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

CLUB RATES FOR 1896.

TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS, in one remittance $
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 15

☞ To all New Subscribers for 1896, paying in advance now, WE WILL SEND THE PAPER WEEKLY from our RECEIPT of the remittance, to January 1st, 1895, WITHOUT CHARGE.

☞ SPECIMEN COPIES FREE. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON, *Publishers*,
oct 15 tf ALBANY, N. Y.

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers
CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last and all the time, forever.

Daily, by Mail, - - - $6 a year
Daily & Sunday by Mail, $8 a year.

The Sunday Sun

is the Greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy. by Mail, $2 a year.
Address THE SUN,
dec 14tf NEW YOK.

School Books,

School Books

State Headquarters for

School Books,

adopted by the counties of North Carolina.

We are the largest dealers in

Books and Stationery

IN THE STATE.

Send your orders to us and save FREIGHT and CASING.

Liberal Discounts.

Prompt attention.

C. W. Yates & Co.,

jy 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MASON'S FRUIT JARS.

BEST QUALITY—

Quarts 69c per dozen, half gallon 89c per dozen, complete with rubbers and wrench. Write for wholesale prices.

RUBBER RINGS

For Jars 5c dozen. Sold elsewhere at 10c dozen.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

25c, 39c, 48c, 69 and 98c; with two separate Collars 69c.

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS—

With large sleeves 25c; 75c grade, laundered, 49c; $1 50 and $2 grades, excellent values and styles only 98c,

LAWNS AND DIMITIES,

12½ and 15c grade only 9c per yd; 32 inch Lawns for Wrappers, 5c per yard; Zephyr Ginghams, 5c per yrd; Figured Ducks, 9c per yard; Wash Linens, new styles, 7c per yard.

CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

25 per cent. off on any Suit in stock. $3 Suits $2.25, $5 Suits $3.75, $7 Suits $5.25, $12.50 Suits $9.38, others in proportion.

PANTS, PANTS,

Men's working Pants 48c, 65c and 90c. All Wool Black Cheviot 98c; $3.50 grades to close at $2 25.

Scrivan's Patent Seam Drawers 89 cents.

Bargains in Shoes and Slippers, Umbrellas and Trunks, Mattings and Window Shades.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 118.
Car Fare Paid on purchase of $3.00 and up.
jy 17 tf

20 Per Cent. Discount

FOR CASH ONLY

on all Ladies' and Gentlemen's

TAN.

Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.

No Old Stock,

But New Goods

that must be sold to make room for our Fall stock.

Canvass Leggins at 75c.

Light weight Jersey Leggins, Black and Tan, at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

jy 7 tf

THE ONLY CARGO

NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

West Indies,

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

ap 3 tf

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,

J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say. Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutually benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is nece sary.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors to H. C. Evans.

Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. jy 8 tf

20 Per 'Cent. Discount.

WE WILL SELL, FOR CASH, UNTIL FURther notice, at the above discount, all Dry Goods and Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, &c.

R. M. McINTIRE,

July 17, 1896. jy 17 till au 1

TWO WEEKS

MID-SUMMER CLEARING SALE

—AT—

C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

The reduction throughout the Store will amount to more than

Twenty-five Per Cent.

to you if you supply your wants during these two weeks, beginning MONDAY, July 13th, and ending SATURDAY, July 25th.

Terms Strictly Cash.

Visit us and see the articles.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Sole Agent for Butterick Patterns and W. B. Corsets. jy 12 tf

Special Clearance Sale

BY

JOHNSON & FORE.

Commencing Monday, the 20th Inst.,

WE OFFER SOME UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

Your Choice of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 75 cts, Former Price $1.25 to 1.75.

Twenty Pieces 36-inch Percale at 6c Per Yrd.

Lawns at 10c Per Yard, Former Price 15 and 20 cts.

A Few Linens at 30c, Worth 50 and 60 cts,

All Millinery Goods for less than Cost.

Don't Miss the Sale,

JOHNSON & FORE,

Agents Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Underwear. jy 19 tf

WHAT CAN WE ADVERTISE?

Why, Everything in the Dry Goods Line!

We handle everything that you need for wearing apparel. Our stock is so well selected that we can please the most fastidious and also the poor and humble. We want the masses' trade as well as the few. We try to do an up-to-date Dry Goods business, and lead the State in low prices and fair dealing. The best proof that we do what we try is that we have a good trade every day.

Very neat Percales, 1 yard at 8c.
American Prints, the best made, at 5c.
Pretty Shirt Waist Calico, 4c.
Danish Wool Cloth, the best cheap Dress Goods made, at 10c; worth regular 13½c.
Very neat patterns in Pants Cloth at at 8c per yard.
All wool good Pants Cloth at 24c.
Double-faced white Canton Flannel at 5c.
White Flannel, all wool, for infants, at 25c.
25 inch Plaids at 8c.
Best Pee Dee Plaids at 5c.
800 dozen Dragon Spool Cotton in assorted colors, No. from 16 to 60c, at 10c per dozen, or 1c a spool.
12 dozen nice, smooth, soft, fine Senate Braid, Straw Sailor Hats in white only, with silk band, leather sweat band and silk lined, at 50c. the same Hat we have been getting $1.00 for.
Nice Black Straw Sailors at 10c each.
Trimmed Hats almost at your own price—from 40, 50 up to 75c, $1 00 up to 3.00 and 4.00 each.
We sell you an Untrimmed Hat and material and trim the Hat free of cost to you.
New lot of fine Valincine Lace, ⅛ inch wide, at 15 and 20c a dozen yards; ⅜ inch wide at 25 and 35c dozen yards; 1 inch at 40c dozen; 3 inches wide at 5c a yard.
Better Laces and Veilings, a good many styles, all cheap and new.
Ribbons all grades, from 1c to $1.00 per yard.
We want your Millinery trade, and offer all kinds of inducements in the way of New Goods and Low Prices to get it. Come to us for Laces, Ribbons, Flowers, Tips and Hats.

You will find us at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

P. S.—800 dozen spools of colored Dragon Spool Cotton at 10c per dozen or 100 dozen for $9 00 jy 19 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $125,000. Surplus $50,000.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

We want your Business, and will make it to Your Interest to Deal with us.

Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

Always in a Position to Loan on Good Security.

jy 14 tf

"Make Hay While The Sun Shines."

And If You Wish to Make It Economically, Buy

THE "CHAMPION" MOWER.

This Machine, with one pair of Horses or Mules and a driver, will cut

Ten Acres in a Day.

WILL CUT ANY KIND OF GRASS.

Call and examine this Wonderful Machine.

J. W. MURCHISON,

jy 15 tf SOLE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 24th, 1896.

Special attention paid to thorough instruction on the Violin.

Certificate admits to Vassar.

jy 19 2½m REV. B. SMEDES, A. M.

PEACE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Raleigh, N. C.

No superior work done anywhere, North or South. It has now the best faculty it has ever had. The advantages offered in Literature, Languages, Music and Art are unsurpassed.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
ju 25 3m

JAMES DINWIDDIE, M. A.
(University of Virginia) PRINCIPAL.